

# NEWARK AND SHERWOOD DISTRICT COUNCIL

## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

**2010-2011**

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## **EXPLANATORY FOREWORD**

### **1 Introduction**

The Council's accounts for the year 2010/2011 are set out on pages 1 to 91. These comprise various statutory statements concerning internal controls, the accounts of the District Council and the Group Accounts which combine the accounts with those of Newark and Sherwood Homes Limited.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2010/2011 (the Code) applicable to local authorities. The Code designates certain of the financial statements as "core" and requires these to be grouped together in a specified order, to be followed by a consolidated set of notes to the accounts covering all of the core statements. Supplementary statements will be presented (with their own notes) after the notes on the core statements.

The Code sets out the proper accounting practices required for Statements of Accounts, by section 21(2) of the Local Government Act 2003 prepared in accordance with the statutory framework established for England by the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003, updated by the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2011.

The Statement of Accounts provides information on how the Council has used the financial resources available to it and answers the following significant questions:

- How much did the Council's services cost in 2010/2011?
- Where did the money come from?
- What were the major influences on the Council's Income and Expenditure?
- What were the Council's Assets and Liabilities at the close of 2010/2011?

### **2 Transition to IFRS**

In 2010/2011 the Council has prepared its Statement of Accounts in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). These standards have been adopted nationally by local authorities in line with central government requirements and have replaced the UK GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) under which the accounts have been prepared in previous years. IFRS aims to narrow the areas of difference in the production of statement of accounts to ensure a common pattern of presentation for all authorities. They also seek to aid interpretation and explanation. The Council has reviewed its accounting policies in line with IFRS and adjustments have been made accordingly. The main areas of impact have been

- format of main financial statements
- treatment of grants and contributions
- greater emphasis on component accounting for non current assets
- treatment of investment properties
- treatment of employee benefits

The 2009/2010 accounts have been restated to follow IFRS requirements and the new policies and the amendments have been detailed in note 1 on page 17 and note 9 on page 27.

### **2 Review of 2010/2011**

#### **Introduction**

The Council incurs both revenue and capital expenditure during the year. Revenue expenditure is generally on items that are consumed within one year, and financed from Government Grants, Council Tax, Council House Rents and various fees and charges. However, capital expenditure is on assets that have a life beyond one year and is financed from supported capital borrowing, proceeds from the sale of assets (capital receipts), capital grants and contributions, major repairs reserve and direct revenue financing.

During the year Council spending has been subject to regular monitoring and scrutiny. Quarterly monitoring reports are considered by Overview and Scrutiny committees and by Cabinet.

2010/2011 has presented the Council with a number of challenges in successfully managing its budgets. Officers and Members have worked closely together to find savings in the provision of services. These included savings to be achieved through voluntary and compulsory redundancies, flexible retirements and staffing restructures, conditions of service review, efficiencies in delivering training and changes in service delivery for refuse collection. The costs of redundancies and retirements will be met over three years from budget savings, however, monies set aside in specific reserves have been used to mitigate the cost in the 2010/2011 financial year.

### The General Fund (the Council's Revenue Account)

The Budget for 2010/2011 was achieved with a 1% increase on the Council Tax giving a Band D Council Tax of £165.12.

The total net expenditure budget for the year was set at £19.29m, representing the net cost of providing the Council's services (including Parish Precepts). The financing of the total net expenditure budget for the year is shown as follows:

	£'000
Government Formula Grant (Revenue Support Grant and re-distributed business rates)	10,327
Council Tax Income	8,963
<b>Total</b>	<b>19,290</b>

The following table identifies significant variances in service expenditure analysed by Portfolio. Comparison of outturn is against the original budget for 2010/2011 i.e. the budget as approved by Council when setting the Council Tax for 2010/2011 prior to the start of the financial year.

	Original Budget £'000	Outturn £'000	Variance £'000
<b>Portfolio</b>			
Strategic and Corporate Policy	4,166	(3,844)	(8,010)
Safe and Strong	714	387	(327)
Culture and Leisure	2,881	2,742	(139)
Sustainable Development and Regeneration	2,398	2,095	(303)
Clean and Green	5,494	6,306	812
Health and Homes	1,164	1,185	21
<b>Total Services</b>	<b>16,817</b>	<b>8,871</b>	<b>(7,946)</b>
Drainage Levy	473	483	10
Movement to/(from) earmarked reserves	(173)	814	987
Parish Precepts	2,435	2,435	0
Statutory accounting adjustments	(262)	6,485	6,747
<b>Total Net Expenditure</b>	<b>19,290</b>	<b>19,088</b>	<b>(202)</b>
Formula and Other Grant	(10,327)	(10,361)	(34)
Collection Fund	(8,963)	(8,836)	127
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(109)</b>	<b>(109)</b>

Net Expenditure on the General Fund Portfolios for 2010/2011 was under budget by £7,946k.

The major variances are:

- The budget included a pay increase of 1%. No pay increase was awarded in 2010/2011.
- Reduction of £7,670k in past service costs in respect of pensions. Further details can be found on page 58.
- Savings on budget have been transferred to earmarked reserves to mitigate impact on future price increases.

### Housing Revenue Account

The Council maintains a separate revenue account for recording all income and expenditure relating to the management and maintenance of its housing stock. This is known as the Housing Revenue account (HRA) and the items to be charged to it are prescribed by statute.

The Housing Revenue Account includes a management fee paid to Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd to manage the stock owned by the Council under arms length arrangements. The management agreement came into effect on 1 November 2004. The management contract includes a clause whereby Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd repay any surplus after tax, relating to the 2010/2011 year, to the District Council which the Council has agreed to re-advance to them on 1 April 2011. This amounted to £2,104,000 and is included in the HRA balance in hand.

In 2010/2011 the Council budgeted for a zero increase in the HRA working balance. The outturn position shows an increase in the working balance of £358k. The key reason for the difference being the increase in the efficiency gain achieved by Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd.

#### Joint Arrangements – Mansfield Crematorium

Mansfield Crematorium has been recognised as a joint arrangement between Mansfield District Council, Ashfield District Council and Newark and Sherwood District Council. The authority accounts directly for its part of the assets, liabilities, income, expenditure and cash flows held arising from the operations of the crematorium. In 2010/2011 Mansfield Crematorium made a surplus of £323k, £16k of which is attributable to Newark and Sherwood District Council and is shown in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement under Cultural, Environmental and Planning Services.

#### Capital Expenditure and Income

Capital expenditure can be defined as that which generates an asset that has a useful life of more than one year. The capital account shows the Income and Expenditure transactions the Council makes when it:

- Buys or sells land or property
- Builds new property
- Carries out major repairs to the Council's properties
- Improves the Council's properties
- Provides grants for the above types of activity

	Original Budget £'000	Final Budget £000	Outturn £000
Housing Services	8,835	7,109	5,933
Other Services	9,682	3,014	1,819
<b>Total Capital Expenditure</b>	<b>18,517</b>	<b>10,123</b>	<b>7,752</b>
Borrowing	2,921	1,535	1,325
Other sources of Financing	15,596	8,588	6,427
<b>Total Financing</b>	<b>18,517</b>	<b>10,123</b>	<b>7,752</b>

Of the £2.37m underspend, the principal schemes were:

- New Council House building projects (£975k) that started relatively late in the year and will be completed in 2011/2012
- Private sector decent homes and disabled facilities awards (£299k) due to lower than expected take-up
- St. Mark's Place toilets (£257k) that will be completed in 2011/2012
- Sconce & Devon Park Restoration (£199k) that is awaiting agreement of the final account.
- The remaining £64k has been spent on various minor schemes.

Approval has been given to carry forward the underspend into 2011/2012. Further analysis of the principal items of capital expenditure and finance are provided on pages 46 and 47.

#### Minimum Revenue Provision

The Local Government Act 2003 requires authorities to set aside an amount from revenue (Minimum Revenue Provision) for the repayment of external loans which have been taken out to fund capital expenditure. In line with CLG Regulations from 2008/09 the Council is required to approve an MRP Statement for each year. For capital expenditure incurred before 1 April 2008 or which in the future will be Supported Capital Expenditure (ie Central Government provides revenue to pay for the borrowing), the MRP policy is the Capital Financing Requirement method outlined in the MRP guidance provided to local authorities by Communities and Local Government as part of the implementation of the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England)(Amendment) Regulations 2008(SI 2008/414). From 1 April 2008 for all unsupported borrowing the MRP policy is the Asset Life Method whereby MRP will be based on the estimated life of the assets, in accordance with regulations.

### Council Tax Collection

The net collectable amount for 2010/2011 Council Tax was £56.6m, of which £55.3m has been received. This represents a collection rate of 97.8%. Total Council Tax arrears, including costs, amounted to £2.5m as at 31 March 2011 and will be collected during 2011/2012. Council tax is collected on behalf of Nottinghamshire County Council, Nottinghamshire Fire Authority and Nottinghamshire Police Authority. Amounts collected, bad debt write offs and any surplus or deficit on collection are distributed according to precept.

### Significance of Pension Liabilities and Assets

The application of IAS 19 has resulted in a pension liability of £30.2m (£53.79m 2009/2010) shown in the Balance Sheet. This amount is matched by a pension reserve, also shown in the Balance Sheet, and therefore has no impact on the Council's overall financial position as at 31 March 2011.

Note 47 on page 57 gives further analysis of the Council's pension liability.

### Treasury Management Performance

During the financial year, the Council operated within the treasury limits set out in the Council's Treasury Management and Annual Investment Strategy which was approved on 10 March 2010.

Continuing problems in the financial markets meant that some previously highly rated institutions that had been used for temporarily investing surplus funds remain downgraded and at the same time interest rates continue at historically low levels. In response the Council reviewed its Treasury Management Strategy and as a result it was decided to continue with reduced exposure to the market by utilising internal balances to finance some capital expenditure and also not to renew maturing debt. Remaining cash that is held for daily cashflow purposes is invested in AAA rated instant access Money Market Funds.

In October 2008 the Icelandic banking sector defaulted on its obligations. At that time the Council had £2m invested in Glitnir. The Council continues to support the actions being taken by the Local Government Association (LGA) on behalf of all Authorities involved to recover deposits in failed Icelandic banks. The LGA is currently working with international legal experts to pursue claims through the Icelandic courts to have Local Authority investors designated preferential creditors. The advice from the LGA remains that the Council can ultimately expect full repayment of its £2m investment.

Interest credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement in 2010/2011 was £220k which represents an average interest rate of 1.31%. This exceeds the 3 month London Inter-Bank rate (LIBID) of 0.62% for the year and was achieved primarily due to overhanging fixed rate investments made before the general fall in interest rates.

The Council held investments of £4.1m at 31 March 2011 (£11.4m on 31 March 2010).

### Reserves and Balances

The General Fund working balance at the end of the financial year is £2,320k which will be carried over into 2011/2012. The working balance is maintained to provide a financial cushion should unexpected events occur that lead to significant unplanned expenditure that would not be met from other sources or by specific Central Government Grants. The current minimum working balance for the General Fund is set at £2.4m.

The Housing Revenue Account working balance of £4,207k represents the existing revenue balance.

The Council holds a number of earmarked reserves to finance future capital and revenue expenditure. The value of specific reserves held at 31 March 2011 is £8,038k (£7,335k at 31 March 2010). A full analysis of earmarked reserves is contained in Note 39 Usable Reserves.

### Consolidated Group Accounts

The authority is required under the Local Government Act 2003 to produce a set of Group accounts where it has subsidiaries, joint ventures or associates. The criteria for deciding if the authority has such relationships are laid down by the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2010/2011. The authority is required to consolidate its accounts with those of Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd (NSH) which is a wholly owned subsidiary of the authority.

### 3 Statutory Statements

The following Statement of Accounts for Newark and Sherwood District Council presents the overall financial position for the Authority for the year ended 31 March 2011, and has been produced in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2010/2011 published by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA).

**Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts (page 8)** which is required under current Codes of Practice for Local Authority Accounting to be signed by the Chief Financial Officer stating the accounts present a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council.

**Auditors Report (pages 9-10)** which provides an opinion on the fairness of the accounts presented.

**Annual Governance Statement (pages 92-95)** which sets out the framework within which financial control is exercised and the main components of the system including internal audit arrangements. The statement identifies any significant control issues and action being taken to address them. This has to be certified by the Chief Executive and the Leader of the Council.

### 4 Financial Statements

The Statements required by the Code comprise the following:

- Movement in Reserves Statement
- Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement
- Balance Sheet
- Cash Flow Statement
- Notes to Core Statements

These are described in more detail in the notes below.

**Movement in Reserves Statement (pages 11-12).** This statement shows the movement in the year on the different reserves held by the authority, analysed into 'usable reserves' (ie those that can be applied to fund expenditure or reduce local taxation) and unusable reserves. The Surplus/(Deficit) on the Provision of Services line shows the true economic cost of providing the authority's services, more details of which are shown in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. These are different from the statutory amounts required to be charged to the General Fund Balance and the Housing Revenue Account for council tax setting and dwellings rent setting purposes. The Net Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves line shows the statutory General Fund Balance and Housing Revenue Account Balance before any discretionary transfers to or from earmarked reserves undertaken by the Council.

**Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement (page 13).** This account summarises the resources that have been generated and consumed in providing services and managing the Council during 2010/2011. It includes all day-to-day expenses and related income on an accruals basis, as well as transactions measuring the value of non current assets consumed and the real projected value of retirement benefits earned by employees in the year. It includes the amounts spent not only on local taxpayer services but also local rent payer services.

**Balance Sheet (page 14)** which summarises the Council's assets and liabilities together with the sources of funds i.e. what the Council owns, who it owes money to, who owes it money and what reserves it has to meet future spending.

**Cash Flow Statement (pages 15-16)** which summarises the movement in cash i.e. excluding internal provisions which have no effect on cash.

**Notes to Financial Statements (pages 17-68).** These are notes relating to the preceding financial statements which explain and provide additional information to figures included in these statements.

**Housing Revenue Account (pages 69-74).** This reflects a statutory obligation to account separately for the Council's housing landlord function. It shows the major elements of housing revenue expenditure – maintenance, administration and capital financing costs, and how these are met by rents, subsidy and other income.

**Collection Fund (pages 75-76).** The Account details all monies due from Council Tax and Business Rate payers and payments made to the County Council, Police and Fire Authorities, Parish Councils and the District Council. All business rates, less a deduction for collection costs, are paid into a central government Pool and redistributed to Local Authorities through the Local Government Finance Settlement.

**Group Accounts (pages 77-91).** The District Council has considered the relevant legislation and accounting guidance and has concluded that it will need to prepare Group Accounts. These consolidate the accounts of the District Council with those of Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd which is wholly owned by the District Council. After due consideration no other third party organisation's accounts need to be consolidated.

## **STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS**

### **The Authority's Responsibilities**

1 The authority is required to:

- make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. In this authority, that officer is the Director of Resources
- manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets
- approve the Statement of Accounts

### **Responsibilities of the Director of Resources**

2 The Director of Resources is responsible for the preparation of the authority's Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom (the Code).

3 In preparing this Statement of Accounts, the Director of Resources has:

- selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently
- made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent
- complied with the local authority Code.

4 The Director of Resources has also:

- kept proper accounting records which were up to date
- taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

### **Certificate of the Director of Resources**

5 This statement of accounts is that upon which the auditor should enter his opinion. It presents a true and fair view of the financial position of the authority at 31st March 2011 and its income and expenditure for the year then ended.

**D. Dickinson CPFA, BA**

**Director of Resources**

**27 September 2011**

### **SIGNATURE OF CHAIRMAN OF MEETING WHICH APPROVED THE ACCOUNTS**

**Councillor Mrs R. Crowe**

**Chairman Accounts and Audit Committee**

**27 September 2011**



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NEWARK AND SHERWOOD DISTRICT COUNCIL**

### **Opinion on the Authority and Group accounting statements**

I have audited the Authority and Group accounting statements of Newark and Sherwood District Council for the year ended 31 March 2011 under the Audit Commission Act 1998. The Authority and Group accounting statements comprise the Authority and Group Movement in Reserves Statement, the Authority and Group Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, the Authority and Group Balance Sheet, the Authority and Group Cash Flow Statement, the Housing Revenue Account, the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Statement and Collection Fund and the related notes. These accounting statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out in the Statement of Accounting Policies.

This report is made solely to the members of Newark and Sherwood District Council in accordance with Part II of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 48 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by the Audit Commission in March 2010.

### **Respective responsibilities of the Director of Resources and auditor**

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Director of Resources' Responsibilities, the Director of Resources is responsible for the preparation of the Authority and Group's Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom. My responsibility is to audit the accounting statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require me to comply with the Auditing Practice's Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### **Scope of the audit of the financial statements**

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the accounting statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the accounting statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Authority and Group's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Authority and Group; and the overall presentation of the accounting statements. I read all the information in the explanatory foreword to identify material inconsistencies with the audited accounting statements. If I become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies I consider the implications for my report.

### **Opinion on accounting statements**

In my opinion the accounting statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of Newark and Sherwood District Council's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's affairs as at 31 March 2011 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom.

### **Opinion on other matters**

In my opinion, the information given in the explanatory foreword for the financial year for which the accounting statements are prepared is consistent with the accounting statements.

### **Matters on which I report by exception**

I have nothing to report in respect of the governance statement on which I report to you if, in my opinion the governance statement does not reflect compliance with 'Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: a Framework' published by CIPFA/SOLACE in June 2007.

### **Conclusion on Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources**

Authority's responsibilities

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

## Auditor's responsibilities

I am required under Section 5 of the Audit Commission Act 1998 to satisfy myself that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission requires me to report to you my conclusion relating to proper arrangements, having regard to relevant criteria specified by the Audit Commission.

I report if significant matters have come to my attention which prevent me from concluding that the Authority has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. I am not required to consider, nor have I considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively.

## Basis of conclusion

I have undertaken my audit in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance on the specified criteria, published by the Audit Commission in October 2010, as to whether the Authority has proper arrangements for:

- securing financial resilience; and
- challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

The Audit Commission has determined these two criteria as those necessary for me to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying myself whether the Authority put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2011.

I planned my work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on my risk assessment, I undertook such work as I considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects, the Authority had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

## Conclusion

On the basis of my work, having regard to the guidance on the specified criteria published by the Audit Commission in October 2010, I am satisfied that, in all significant respects, Newark and Sherwood District Council put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ending 31 March 2011.

## Certificate

I certify that I have completed the audit of the Authority and Group accounts of Newark and Sherwood District Council in accordance with the requirements of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission.

John Cornett  
Officer of the Audit Commission

Rivermead House  
7 Lewis Court  
Grove Park  
Enderby  
Leicestershire  
LE19 1SU

Date of Opinion: 27 September 2011

Date of Certificate: 28 March 2012

**MOVEMENT IN RESERVES STATEMENT**

<b>Newark and Sherwood District Council</b>	General Fund	Earmarked	Housing	Major	Grants &	Capital	Total	Unusable	Total
<b><u>Movement in Reserves Statement for the financial year 2010/2011</u></b>	Balance	General Fund Reserves	Revenue Account	Repairs Reserve	Contributions Unapplied	Receipts Reserve	Usable Reserves	Reserves	Authority Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>Balance at 31 March 2010</b>	<b>2,211</b>	<b>7,335</b>	<b>3,849</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,366</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>18,688</b>	<b>128,677</b>	<b>147,365</b>
<b>Movement in Reserve during 2010/2011</b>									
Surplus/(Deficit) on Provision of Services	10,009		(73,386)				(63,377)		(63,377)
Other Comprehensive Expenditure and Income							0	22,031	22,031
<b>Total Comprehensive Expenditure and Income</b>	<b>10,009</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(73,386)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(63,377)</b>	<b>22,031</b>	<b>(41,346)</b>
<b>Adjustments between Accounting basis and Funding basis under Regulations</b>									
Depreciation and impairment of non current assets	1,971		73,816				75,787	(75,787)	0
Excess of depreciation charged to HRA services over the Major Repairs Allowance			401				401	(401)	0
Reversal of Major Repairs Allowance credited to HRA			(1,288)	1,288			0	0	0
Capital grants and contributions	(5,832)				1,216		(4,616)	4,616	0
Capital receipts used to finance capital expenditure						(721)	(721)	721	0
Movement in Donated Assets	(16)						(16)	16	0
Revenue expenditure funded from capital under statute	845						845	(845)	0
Net gain/loss on sale of non current assets	(285)		1,278			6,047	7,040	(7,040)	0
Amount by which finance costs are different	49		(138)				(89)	89	0
Amount by which pension costs are different	(5,898)		(308)				(6,206)	6,206	0
Council Tax income adjustment	127						127	(127)	0
Statutory provision for repayment of debt	(276)						(276)	276	0
Capital expenditure charged to the General Fund balance	(61)		(17)				(78)	78	0
Transfer to unusable reserves	2						2	(2)	0
Transfer re Housing Pooled Receipts	260					(260)	0	0	0
	(9,114)	0	73,744	1,288	1,216	5,066	72,200	(72,200)	0
<b>Net Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves</b>	<b>895</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>1,288</b>	<b>1,216</b>	<b>5,066</b>	<b>8,823</b>	<b>(50,169)</b>	<b>(41,346)</b>
Net transfer (to)/from earmarked reserves	(786)	703			83		0		0
<b>Increase/(Decrease) in year</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>1,288</b>	<b>1,299</b>	<b>5,066</b>	<b>8,823</b>	<b>(50,169)</b>	<b>(41,346)</b>
<b>Balance at 31 March 2011 carried forward</b>	<b>2,320</b>	<b>8,038</b>	<b>4,207</b>	<b>1,288</b>	<b>5,665</b>	<b>5,993</b>	<b>27,511</b>	<b>78,508</b>	<b>106,019</b>

<b>Newark and Sherwood District Council</b>	General Fund	Earmarked General Fund	Housing Revenue Account	Major Repairs Reserve	Grants & Contributions Unapplied	Capital Receipts Reserve	Total Usable Reserves	Unusable Reserves	Total Authority Reserves
<b>Movement in Reserves Statement for the financial year 2009/2010</b>	Balance	Reserves	Account	Reserve	Unapplied	Reserve	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>Balance at 1 April 2009</b>	<b>2,111</b>	<b>6,583</b>	<b>3,698</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,850</b>	<b>2,331</b>	<b>16,573</b>	<b>138,161</b>	<b>154,734</b>
<b>Movement in Reserve during 2009/2010</b>									
Surplus/(Deficit) on Provision of Services	1,268		7,026				8,294		8,294
Other Comprehensive Expenditure and Income							0	(15,663)	(15,663)
<b>Total Comprehensive Expenditure and Income</b>	<b>1,268</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7,026</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8,294</b>	<b>(15,663)</b>	<b>(7,369)</b>
<u>Adjustments between Accounting basis and Funding basis under Regulations</u>									
Depreciation and impairment of non current assets	2,164		(5,730)				(3,566)	3,566	0
Excess of depreciation charged to HRA services over the Major Repairs Allowance			16				16	(16)	0
Reversal of Major Repairs Allowance credited to HRA							0		0
Capital grants and contributions	(3,418)		(308)			(1,404)	(5,130)	5,130	0
Revenue expenditure funded from capital under statute	992						992	(992)	0
Net gain/loss on sale of non current assets	48		19				67	(67)	0
Amount by which finance costs are different	(160)		(178)				(338)	338	0
Amount by which pension costs are different	313		(334)				(21)	21	0
Council Tax income adjustment	53						53	(53)	0
Statutory provision for repayment of debt	(286)						(286)	286	0
Capital expenditure charged to the General Fund balance	(75)						(75)	75	0
Transfer to unusable reserves	33		(360)		2,260		1,933	(1,933)	0
Transfer re Housing Pooled Receipts	176						176	(176)	0
	(160)	0	(6,875)	0	2,260	(1,404)	(6,179)	6,179	0
<b>Net Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves</b>	<b>1,108</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,260</b>	<b>(1,404)</b>	<b>2,115</b>	<b>(9,484)</b>	<b>(7,369)</b>
Net transfer (to)/from earmarked reserves	(1,008)	752			256		0		0
<b>Increase/(Decrease) in year</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>752</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,516</b>	<b>(1,404)</b>	<b>2,115</b>	<b>(9,484)</b>	<b>(7,369)</b>
<b>Balance at 31 March 2010 carried forward</b>	<b>2,211</b>	<b>7,335</b>	<b>3,849</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,366</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>18,688</b>	<b>128,677</b>	<b>147,365</b>

**COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT**

This statement show the accounting cost in the year of providing services in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, rather than the amount to be funded from taxation. Authorities raise taxation to cover expenditure in accordance with regulations; this may be different from the accounting cost. The taxation position is shown in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

<b><u>Newark and Sherwood District Council</u></b>		2010/2011	2010/2011	2010/2011		2009/2010	2009/2010	2009/2010
<b><u>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</u></b>		£'000	£'000	£'000		£'000	£'000	£'000
<b><u>for the financial year 2010/2011</u></b>		Gross	Gross	Net		Gross	Gross	Net
	Note	Spend	Income	Spend		Spend	Income	Spend
						Restated	Restated	Restated
Central Services to the Public		10,593	(10,363)	230		10,294	(9,317)	977
Cultural, Environmental, Regulatory and Planning Services		21,604	(9,267)	12,337		20,711	(9,496)	11,215
Highways and Transport Services		1,725	(1,508)	217		1,669	(1,575)	94
Housing Revenue Account		12,900	(17,746)	(4,846)		7,445	(17,279)	(9,834)
Impairment of Council Dwellings	5	73,857	0	73,857		0	0	0
Housing Services		25,669	(24,346)	1,323		24,116	(22,946)	1,170
Corporate and Democratic Core		2,594	(87)	2,507		2,244	(77)	2,167
Non Distributed Costs		1,039	(649)	390		1,337	(706)	631
Pension Past Service Gain	5	(7,670)	0	(7,670)		0	0	0
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations</b>		<b>142,311</b>	<b>(63,966)</b>	<b>78,345</b>		<b>67,816</b>	<b>(61,396)</b>	<b>6,420</b>
Other Operating Expenditure	10	10,099	(6,169)	3,930		3,067	(525)	2,542
Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure	11	8,714	(3,599)	5,115		8,268	(2,872)	5,396
Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income	12	0	(24,013)	(24,013)		0	(22,652)	(22,652)
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services</b>		<b>161,124</b>	<b>(97,747)</b>	<b>63,377</b>		<b>79,151</b>	<b>(87,445)</b>	<b>(8,294)</b>
(Surplus)/Deficit on Revaluation of Non Current Assets				(4,628)				(6,716)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Pensions Assets/Liabilities				(17,403)				22,379
<b>Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure</b>				<b>(22,031)</b>				<b>15,663</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure</b>				<b>41,346</b>				<b>7,369</b>

There have been no acquired operations or discontinued operations in the financial years 2009/2010 and 2010/2011.

## BALANCE SHEET

The Balance Sheet shows the value, as at the balance sheet date, of the assets and liabilities recognised by the authority. The net assets of the authority (assets less liabilities) are matched by the reserves held by the authority. Reserves are reported in two categories. The first category of reserves are usable reserves ie those reserves the authority may use to provide services, subject to the need to maintain a prudent level of reserves and any statutory limitations on their use (for example the Capital Receipts Reserve that may only be used to fund capital expenditure or repay debt). The second category of reserves is those the authority is not able to use to provide services. This category of reserves includes reserves that hold unrealised gains and losses (for example the Revaluation Reserve), where amounts would only become available to provide services if the assets are sold and reserves that hold timing differences shown in the Movement in Reserves Statement line 'Adjustments between accounting basis and funding basis under regulations'.

<b>Newark and Sherwood District Council</b>		31st March 2011	31st March 2010	1st April 2009
<b>Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2011</b>	Note	£'000	£'000 <i>Restated</i>	£'000 <i>Restated</i>
Property Plant and Equipment	20	187,406	255,695	237,680
Investment Property	23	2,645	3,075	3,165
Intangible Assets	25	24	16	23
Assets Held for Sale	24	0	0	0
Long Term Investments	49	10	10	10
Long Term Debtors	30	4,489	164	178
<b>Long Term Assets</b>		<b>194,574</b>	<b>258,960</b>	<b>241,056</b>
Short Term Investment	49	2,159	2,175	15,399
Inventories	31	159	147	156
Short Term Debtors	32	10,140	7,824	6,875
Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,034	9,920	5,048
Assets Held for Sale	24	0	5,050	50
<b>Current Assets</b>		<b>14,492</b>	<b>25,116</b>	<b>27,528</b>
Bank Overdraft		0	0	0
Short Term Borrowing	49	(7,189)	(7,908)	(6,214)
Short Term Creditors	33	(5,366)	(7,495)	(7,349)
Provisions		0	0	0
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		<b>(12,555)</b>	<b>(15,403)</b>	<b>(13,563)</b>
Long Term Creditors	35	(1,618)	(1,535)	(2,097)
Long Term Borrowing	49	(58,248)	(61,775)	(66,304)
Other Long Term Liabilities	36	(30,583)	(54,197)	(31,843)
Capital Grants Receipts in Advance	37	(43)	(3,801)	(43)
<b>Long Term Liabilities</b>		<b>(90,492)</b>	<b>(121,308)</b>	<b>(100,287)</b>
<b>Net Assets</b>		<b>106,019</b>	<b>147,365</b>	<b>154,734</b>
Usable Reserves	38	27,511	18,688	16,573
Unusable Reserves	38	78,508	128,677	138,161
<b>Total Reserves</b>		<b>106,019</b>	<b>147,365</b>	<b>154,734</b>

## CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The Cash Flow Statement shows the changes in cash and cash equivalents of the authority during the reporting period. The statement shows how the authority generates and uses cash and cash equivalents by classifying cash flows as operating, investing and financing activities. The amount of net cash flows arising from operating activities is a key indicator of the extent to which the operations of the authority are funded by way of taxation and grant income or from the recipients of services provided by the authority. Investing activities represent the extent to which cash outflows have been made for resources which are intended to contribute to the authority's future service delivery. Cash flows arising from financing activities are useful in predicting claims on future cash flows by providers of capital (ie borrowing) to the authority.

<b>Newark and Sherwood District Council</b>		2010/2011		2009/2010		
<b>Cash Flow Statement for 2010/2011</b>		Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
					<i>Restated</i>	<i>Restated</i>
<b><u>Operating Activities</u></b>						
<b>Cash outflows</b>						
Cash paid to and on behalf of Employees			15,527		14,266	
Other Operating Costs			41,197		43,565	
Revenue Expenditure funded from Capital			845		992	
Housing Benefits paid out			13,801		12,670	
Contribution to Housing Pooled Receipts			260		176	
Parish Precepts			2,435		2,335	
Interest Paid			3,651	77,716	3,783	77,787
<b>Cash inflows</b>						
Council Tax Income			(8,870)		(8,662)	
Rents			(7,305)		(7,255)	
Distributable amount of NDR from Pool			(9,018)		(8,240)	
Revenue Support Grant			(1,309)		(1,902)	
DWP Grants for Rebates			(30,795)		(30,099)	
Other Government Grants			(1,725)		(1,940)	
Cash Received for Goods and Services			(23,604)		(22,429)	
Interest Received			(204)	(82,830)	(448)	(80,975)
<b>Operating Activities Net Cash Flow</b>	52			<b>(5,114)</b>		<b>(3,188)</b>
<b><u>Investing Activities</u></b>						
<b>Cash outflows</b>						
Purchase of Fixed Assets			13,275		16,933	
<b>Cash inflows</b>						
Sale of Fixed Assets			(6,047)		(332)	
Capital Grants Received			(1,058)		(8,514)	
Other Capital Cash Income			579		(117)	
			(6,526)		(8,963)	
<b>Investing Activities Net Cash Flow</b>				<b>6,749</b>		<b>7,970</b>
<b><u>Financing Activities</u></b>						
<b>Cash outflows</b>						
Repayments of Amounts Borrowed			14,889		18,293	
Agency Payments			2,031		779	
Capital Element of Finance Lease Rentals			5		5	
			16,925		19,077	
<b>Cash inflows</b>						
Repayment of investments			(16)		(13,224)	
New Loans Raised			(10,658)		(15,507)	
			(10,674)		(28,731)	
<b>Financing Activities Net Cash Flow</b>				<b>6,251</b>		<b>(9,654)</b>

		2010/2011		2009/2010	
	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
				<i>Restated</i>	<i>Restated</i>
<b>Operating Activities Net Cash Flow</b>			(5,114)		(3,188)
<b>Investing Activities Net Cash Flow</b>			6,749		7,970
<b>Financing Activities Net Cash Flow</b>			6,251		(9,654)
<b><u>Net Increase/Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents</u></b>			<b><u>7,886</u></b>		<b><u>(4,872)</u></b>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at 1 April					
Cash held		39		73	
Bank current accounts		252		28	
Short term deposits	49	<u>9,629</u>	9,920	<u>4,947</u>	5,048
Cash and Cash Equivalents at 31 March					
Cash held		53		39	
Bank current accounts		(360)		252	
Short term deposits	49	<u>2,341</u>	2,034	<u>9,629</u>	9,920



**NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2010/2011**

1 Accounting Policies

**1.1 General Principles**

The Statement of Accounts summarises the Council's transactions for the 2010/2011 financial year and its position at the year-end of 31 March 2011. It has been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2010/11 Based on International Financial Reporting Standards (the Code). The accounting convention adopted is historical cost, modified firstly by the revaluation of certain categories of non current assets and secondly as regards the valuation of stocks. Accounting policies and estimation techniques have been selected and exercised, having regard to the accounting principles and concepts set out in IAS 8, specifically the qualitative characteristics of financial information:

- Relevance
- Reliability
- Comparability
- Understandability
- Materiality

and pervasive accounting concepts:

- Accruals
- Going Concern
- Primacy of legislative requirements

These accounting policies are consistently applied in relation to the adjusted previous year's figures as required under IAS 1 – First time adoption of IFRS.

**1.2 Transition to IFRS**

2010/2011 is the first year of IFRS and prior year comparatives have been calculated from the previous year's UK GAAP produced figures. Many reported figures have been reclassified and there is a full reconciliation statement between UK GAAP and IFRS in Note 9 of the financial statements. If any item has been reclassified for any other reason than conversion the reason and nature of the reclassification will be disclosed.

**1.3 Accruals of Income and Expenditure**

Activity is accounted for in the year that it takes place, not simply when cash payments are made or received. In particular:

- Fees, charges and rents due from customers are accounted for as income at the date the Council provides the relevant goods or services.
- Supplies are recorded as expenditure when they are consumed - where there is a gap between the date supplies are received and their consumption, they are carried as stocks on the Balance Sheet.
- Works are charged as expenditure when they are completed, before which they are carried as works in progress on the Balance Sheet.
- Interest payable on borrowings and receivable on investments is accounted for on the basis of the effective interest rate for the relevant financial instrument rather than the cash flows fixed or determined by the contract.
- Where income and expenditure have been recognised but cash has not been received or paid, a debtor or creditor for the relevant amount is recorded in the Balance Sheet. Where it is doubtful that debts will be settled, the balance of debtors is written down and a charge made to revenue for the income that might not be collected.

Income and expenditure are credited and debited to the relevant service revenue account, unless they properly represent capital receipts or capital expenditure.

**1.4 Prior Period Adjustments, Changes in Accounting Policies and Estimates and Errors**

Prior period adjustments may arise as a result of a change in accounting policy or to correct a material error. Changes in accounting estimates are accounted for prospectively ie in the current and future years affected by the change and do not give rise to a prior period adjustment.

Changes in accounting policies are only made when required by proper accounting practices or the change provides more reliable or relevant information about the effect of transactions, other events and conditions on the Council's financial position or financial performance. Where a change is made, it is applied retrospectively (unless stated otherwise) by adjusting opening balances and comparative amounts for the prior period as if the new policy had always been applied.

FRS 30 Heritage Assets will require an accounting policy change in respect of the treatment of heritage assets from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2011.

The preparation of IFRS accounts requires the use and calculation of estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in applying the use of the Council's accounting policies. The areas involved in a higher degree of judgement or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in the relevant sections of the financial statements. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions they may undertake in the future, actual results may differ from these estimates.

### **1.5 Provisions**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Council an obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefits, but where the timing of the transfer is uncertain. For instance, the Council may be involved in a court case that could eventually result in the making of a settlement or the payment of compensation.

Provisions are charged to the appropriate service revenue account in the year that the authority becomes aware of the obligation, based on the best estimate of the likely settlement. When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision set up in the Balance Sheet. Estimated settlements are reviewed at the end of each financial year - where it becomes more likely than not that a transfer of economic benefits will not now be required (or a lower settlement than anticipated is made), the provision is reversed and credited back to the relevant service revenue account.

Where some or all of the payment required to settle a provision is expected to be met by another party (e.g. from an insurance claim), this is only recognised as income in the relevant service revenue account if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the obligation is settled.

Provisions may also be created where there is some uncertainty over the Council's entitlement to receive income. This may arise in connection with changes in the eligibility criteria of central government programmes or as a result of the interpretation of new legislation.

### **1.6 Reserves**

The Council sets aside specific amounts as reserves for future policy purposes or to cover contingencies. Reserves are created by appropriating amounts in the Movement in Reserves Statement. When expenditure to be financed from a reserve is incurred, it is charged to the appropriate service revenue account in that year to score against the Surplus/Deficit on Continuing Operations in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. The reserve is then appropriated back into the General Fund Balance statement so that there is no net charge against council tax for the expenditure.

Certain reserves are kept to manage the accounting processes for non current fixed assets and retirement benefits and that do not represent usable resources for the Council - these reserves are explained in the relevant policies below. Details of all reserves are shown in Note 38 Reserves.

### **1.7 Government and Other Grants and Contributions**

Whether paid on account, by instalments or in arrears, government grants and third party contributions and donations (including donated assets), both revenue and capital, are recognised as due to the Council when there is reasonable assurance that

- The Council will comply with any conditions attached to the payments
- The grants or contributions will be received.

Amounts recognised as due to the Council are not credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement until conditions attached to the grant or contribution have been satisfied.

Monies advanced as grants and contributions for which conditions have not been satisfied are carried in the Balance Sheet as creditors. When conditions are satisfied the grant or contribution is credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Account.

Revenue grants are matched in service revenue accounts with the service expenditure to which they relate. Grants to cover general expenditure (e.g. Revenue Support Grant and Area Based Grant) and all capital grants and contributions are credited to Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income. Capital grants are reversed out of the General Fund Balance in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

## **1.8 Retirement Benefits**

The Council fully complies with the requirements of IAS 19, Employee Benefits and recognises the cost of retirement benefits in the revenue account when employees earn them rather than when the benefits are eventually paid as pensions.

Employees of the Council are members of the Local Government Pensions Scheme, administered by Nottinghamshire County Council (the pension fund). The scheme provides defined benefits to members (retirement lump sums and pensions), earned as employees worked for the Council.

The liabilities of the pension scheme attributable to the Council are included in the Balance Sheet on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method - i.e. an assessment of the future payments that will be made in relation to retirement benefits earned to date by employees, based on assumptions about mortality rates, employee turnover rates, etc, and projections of projected earnings for current employees.

Liabilities are discounted to their value at current prices, using a discount rate based on the indicative rate of return on high quality corporate bonds.

The assets of the pension fund attributable to the Council are included in the Balance Sheet at their fair value:

- quoted securities – current bid price
- unquoted securities - professional estimate
- unitised securities - current bid price
- property - market value.

The change in the net pensions liability is analysed into seven components:

- current service cost - the increase in liabilities as a result of years of service earned this year - allocated in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement to the revenue accounts of services for which the employees worked
- past service cost - the increase in liabilities arising from current year decisions whose effect relates to years of service earned in earlier years - debited to the (Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as part of Non Distributed Costs
- interest cost - the expected increase in the present value of liabilities during the year as they move one year closer to being paid - debited to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement
- expected return on assets - the annual investment return on the fund assets attributable to the Council, based on an average of the expected long-term return - credited to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement
- gains/losses on settlements and curtailments - the result of actions to relieve the Council of liabilities or events that reduce the expected future service or accrual of benefits of employees - debited to the (Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as part of Non Distributed Costs
- actuarial gains and losses - changes in the net pensions liability that arise because events have not coincided with assumptions made at the last actuarial valuation or because the actuaries have updated their assumptions - debited to Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Account
- contributions paid to the pension fund - cash paid as employer's contributions to the pension fund.

Statutory provisions require the General Fund balance to be charged with the amount payable by the Council to the pension fund in the year, not the amount calculated according to the relevant accounting standards. In the Movement in Reserves Statement on the General Fund Balance this means that there are appropriations to and from the Pensions Reserve to remove the notional debits and credits for retirement benefits and replace them with debits for the cash paid to the pension fund and any amounts payable to the fund but unpaid at the year-end.

The Council also has restricted powers to make discretionary awards of retirement benefits in the event of early retirements. Any liabilities estimated to arise as a result of an award to any member of staff are accrued in the year of the decision to make the award and accounted for using the same policies as are applied to the Local Government Pension Scheme.

**1.9 Value Added Tax**

Income and expenditure excludes any amounts related to VAT, as all VAT collected is payable to HM Revenue and Customs and all VAT paid is recoverable from them.

**1.10 Overheads and Support Services**

The costs of overheads and support services are charged to those that benefit from the supply or service in accordance with the costing principles of the CIPFA Best Value Accounting Code of Practice 2010/2011 (BVACOP). The total absorption costing principle is used - the full cost of overheads and support services are shared between users in proportion to the benefits received, with the exception of:

- Corporate and Democratic Core - costs relating to the Council's status as a multi-functional, democratic organisation.
- Non Distributed Costs - discretionary benefits awarded to employees retiring early and depreciation and impairment losses chargeable on non operational properties.

These two cost categories are defined in BVACOP and accounted for as separate headings in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement Account, as part of Continuing Operations.

The bases of allocation used for the main categories of overhead and support services are outlined below:

<u>Service</u>	<u>Basis of Charge</u>
Administrative Buildings	Area occupied
Information Communication Technology	Systems operated and equipment utilised
Audit	Staff time
Revenue Collection Services	Transactions
Personnel	Staff numbers
Administrative Services	Staff time
Legal	Staff time
Financial Services	Staff time and transactions
Central printing, telephones and postages	Transactions
Corporate Property Services	Staff time
Management and Administration	Staff time

**1.11 Non Current Assets**

Non current assets are assets that have physical substance and are held for use in the provision of services or for administrative purposes on a continuing basis.

Recognition: expenditure on the acquisition, creation or enhancement of non current assets is capitalised on an accruals basis, provided that it yields benefits to the Council and the services that it provides for more than one financial year. Expenditure that secures but does not extend the previously assessed standards of performance of an asset (e.g. repairs and maintenance) is charged to revenue as it is incurred. Expenditure under the value of £15,000 is treated as de-minimis.

Measurement: assets are initially measured at cost, comprising all expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset into working condition for its intended use. Assets are then carried in the Balance Sheet using the following measurement bases:

- Investment properties – fair value
- Infrastructure assets – are written off in full if they have no tangible value
- Community Assets (including Heritage Assets) and Assets Under Construction (excluding Investment Property under construction) – measured at historical cost
- Other Land and Buildings, Vehicles, Plant and Equipment and Surplus Assets – fair value or, where there is no market based evidence of fair value, depreciated historical cost
- Council dwellings – fair value measured using existing use value – social housing
- Assets Held for Sale – the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell

Fair Value is defined as the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction and can be further assessed as follows:

- Property Plant and Equipment – the amount that would be paid for the asset in its existing use
- Investment Properties – the amount that would be paid for the asset in its highest and best use ie market value
- Assets Held for Sale – the amount that would be paid for the asset in its highest and best use ie market value

Valuation: assets are included in the Balance Sheet at current value on the basis recommended by CIPFA and in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual issued by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS). Non current assets are classified into the groupings required by the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting.

Assets included in the Balance Sheet at current value are revalued where they have been material changes in the value, but as a minimum every five years. Community Assets, Infrastructure Assets and Assets Under Construction are held at historical cost and are not revalued. Increases in valuations (except increases in Investment Properties) are matched by credits to the Revaluation Reserve to recognise unrealised gains. Exceptionally, gains might be credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement where they arise from the reversal of an impairment loss previously charged to a service revenue account. All gains on Investment Properties are charged to a service revenue account.

The Revaluation Reserve contains revaluation gains recognised since 1<sup>st</sup> April 2007 only, the date of its formal implementation. Gains arising before that date have been consolidated into the Capital Adjustment Account.

Impairment: the values of each category of assets and of material individual assets that are not being depreciated are reviewed at the end of each financial year for evidence of reductions in value. Where impairment is identified as part of this review or as a result of a valuation exercise, this is accounted for by:

- Non-revalued asset – recognised in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement
- Revalued asset (for both asset specific and non asset specific impairment) - recognised in the Revaluation Reserve up to the credit balance existing in respect of the asset and thereafter to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement
- Investment Properties – all impairments are charged direct to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

Impairment losses are not proper charges to the General Fund and any such amounts are transferred to the Capital Adjustment Account and reported in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

Disposals: when an asset is disposed of or decommissioned, the value of the asset in the Balance Sheet is written off to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as part of other operating expenditure. Receipts from disposals are credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as part of other operating expenditure (i.e. netted off against the carrying value of the asset at the time of disposal). Any revaluation gains in the Revaluation Reserve are transferred to the Capital Adjustment Account.

Amounts in excess of £10,000 are categorised as capital receipts. A proportion of receipts relating to housing disposals (75% for dwellings, 50% for land and other assets, net of statutory deductions and allowances) is payable to the Government. The balance of receipts is required to be credited to the Capital Receipts Reserve, and can then only be used for new capital investment or set aside to reduce the Council's underlying need to borrow (the capital financing requirement). Receipts are appropriated to the Reserve from the Movement in Reserves Statement.

The written-off value of disposals is not a charge against council tax, as the cost of non current assets is fully provided for under separate arrangements for capital financing. Amounts are appropriated to the Capital Adjustment Account from the Movement in Reserves Statement.

The Council has taken advantage of the ability to earmark all sales of non right to buy housing revenue account land and property for the provision of affordable housing. In this way 100% of such sales can be retained.

Depreciation: depreciation is provided for on all non current assets with a determinable finite life (except for investment properties, assets held for sale and land with an unlimited useful life) by allocating the value of the asset in the Balance Sheet over the periods expected to benefit from their use.

Depreciation is calculated on the following bases:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Depreciation Method</u>	<u>Useful Life in Years</u>
Council Dwellings	Straight line allocation over the life of the property as estimated by the Valuer	35 – 50
Other Buildings	Straight line allocation over the life of the property as estimated by the Valuer	20 – 100
Vehicle, Plant and Equipment	Straight line allocation, taking into account any residual value, over their useful life as advised by a suitably qualified officer	5 – 10
Infrastructure	Straight line (where asset has tangible value)	25
Community Assets	Straight line	100
Surplus Assets	Straight line	10 -100
Land	No depreciation charged	
Assets Under Construction	No depreciation charged	
Assets Held for Sale	No depreciation charged	
Investment Properties	No depreciation charged	

Where an asset has major components with different estimated useful lives these are depreciated separately. Land and buildings are separate assets and are accounted for separately, even when they are acquired together.

Revaluation gains are also depreciated with an amount equal to the difference between current value depreciation charged on assets and the depreciation that would have been chargeable based on their historical cost being transferred each year from the Revaluation Reserve to the Capital Adjustment Account.

Intangible Assets: expenditure on assets that do not have physical substance but are identifiable and controlled by the Council (e.g. software licences) is capitalised when it will bring benefits to the Council for more than one financial year. The balance is amortised to the relevant service revenue account over the economic life of the investment to reflect the pattern of consumption of benefits.

### **1.12 Charges to Revenue for Non Current Assets**

General Fund service revenue accounts, support services and trading accounts are debited with the following amounts to record the real cost of holding non current assets during the year:

- depreciation attributable to the assets used by the relevant service
- impairment losses where there are no accumulated gains in the Revaluation Reserve against which they can be written off or which have been recognised on investment properties and assets held for sale
- amortisation of intangible assets attributable to the service.

The Council is not required to raise council tax to cover depreciation, impairment losses or amortisations. However, it is required to make an annual contribution from revenue to contribute towards the reduction in its overall borrowing requirement (equal to at least 4% of the underlying amount measured by the adjusted Capital Financing Requirement, excluding amounts attributable to HRA activity). Depreciation, revaluation and impairment losses and amortisations are therefore replaced by the contribution in the General Fund Balance, by way of an adjusting transaction with the Capital Adjustment Account in the Movement in Reserves Statement for the difference between the two.

### **1.13 Revenue Expenditure Funded from Capital under Statute**

Expenditure incurred during the year that may be capitalised under statutory provisions but does not result in the creation of non current assets has been charged as expenditure to the relevant service revenue account in the year. Where the Council has determined to meet the cost of this expenditure from existing capital resources or by borrowing, a transfer to the Capital Adjustment Account then reverses out the amounts charged in the Movement in Reserves Statement so there is no impact on the level of council tax.

## 1.14 Leased Assets

Finance leases. Assets acquired under finance leases are capitalised in the authority's accounts, together with the liability to pay future rentals. The Council accounts for leases as finance leases when substantially all the risks and rewards relating to the leased property transfer to the Council. Rentals payable are apportioned between

- a charge for the acquisition of the interest in the property (recognised as a liability in the Balance Sheet at the start of the lease, matched with a non current asset - the liability is written down as the rent becomes payable) and
- a finance charge (debited to Surplus/Deficit on Continuing Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as the rent becomes payable).

Non current assets recognised under finance leases are accounted for using the policies applied generally to Non Current Assets, subject to depreciation being charged over the lease term if this is shorter than the asset's estimated useful life.

Operating Leases. Leases that do not meet the definition of finance leases are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals payable are charged to the relevant service revenue account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, generally meaning that rentals are charged when they become payable.

## 1.15 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the Balance Sheet where the authority becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument and are initially measured at fair value and carried at their amortised cost. Annual charges to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement for interest payable are based on the carrying amount of the liability multiplied by the effective rate of interest for the instrument. The effective annual interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments over the life of the instrument to the amount at which it was originally recognised. For most of the borrowings held by the Council this means the amount presented in the Balance Sheet is the outstanding principal repayable (plus accrued interest) and interest charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is the amount payable for the year according to the loan agreement.

Gains and losses on the repurchase or early settlement of borrowing are credited and debited to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement in the year of repurchase/settlement. However, where repurchase has taken place as part of a restructuring of the loan portfolio that involves the modification or exchange of existing instruments, the premium or discount is respectively deducted from or added to the amortised cost of the new or modified loan and the write-down to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is spread over the life of the loan by an adjustment to the effective interest rate.

Where premiums and discounts have been charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, regulations allow the impact on the General Fund Balance to be spread over future years. The Council has a policy of spreading the gain/loss over the term that was remaining on the loan against which the premium was payable or discount receivable when it was repaid. The reconciliation of amounts charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement to the net charge required against the General Fund Balance is managed by a transfer to or from the Financial Instruments Adjustment Account in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

## 1.16 Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified into two types:

- Loans and Receivables – assets that have fixed or determinable payments but are not quoted in an active market
- Available for Sale assets – assets that have a quoted market price and/or do not have fixed or determinable payments. The Council does not hold any assets of this type.

Loans and Receivables: are recognised in the Balance Sheet when the authority becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument and are initially measured at fair value and carried at their amortised cost. Annual credits to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement for interest receivable are based on the carrying amount of the asset multiplied by the effective rate of interest for the instrument. For most of the loans the Council has made this means the amount presented in the Balance Sheet is the outstanding principal receivable (plus accrued interest) and interest credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is the amount receivable for the year in the loan agreement.

However, the Council has made a number of loans under its Enterprise Scheme to help new businesses at less than market rates (soft loans). Where these are material a loss is recorded in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement in line with statutory guidelines.

Where assets are identified as impaired because of a likelihood arising from a past event that payments due under the contract will not be made, the asset is written down and a charge made to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

Any gains and losses that arise on the derecognition of the asset are credited/debited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

Instruments entered into before 1<sup>st</sup> April 2006: the Council does not hold any instruments of this type.

### **1.17 Interests in Companies and Other Entities**

The Council has material interests in companies and other entities that have the nature of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and require it to prepare group accounts. In the Council's own single entity accounts the interests in companies and other entities are recorded as investments i.e. at cost less any provision for losses.

Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd is a wholly owned subsidiary of the authority which manages the housing stock, owned by the Council, under an arms length arrangement and their accounts are consolidated with the authority's in accordance with IAS 27.

Mansfield Crematorium has been recognised as a joint arrangement between Mansfield District Council, Ashfield District Council and Newark and Sherwood District Council. The authority accounts directly for its part of the assets, liabilities, income, expenditure and cash flows held arising from the operations of the crematorium.

### **1.18 Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short term commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. The Council classifies the following as cash equivalents:

- Overdrawn balances on the Council's bank accounts. Bank overdrafts are an integral part of the authority's cash management and bank balances fluctuate on a regular basis from being positive to overdrawn.
- Short term investments with immediate call back or instant access. Any short term investment which is for a fixed term, regardless of the remaining length of that term, is accounted for as a financial instrument. Interest follows the related investment.

## **2 Accounting Standards that have been issued but not yet adopted**

The adoption of FRS 30 Heritage Assets from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2011 will result in a change in accounting policy. Heritage assets will be recognised as a separate class of assets in the balance sheet for the first time in the 2011/2012 financial statements. It is expected that Newark Castle and the Newark Torc will both be reclassified as Heritage Assets.

The Newark Torc is currently classed as a Community Asset under Property, Plant and Equipment with a carry value of £350,000. There are no expected changes to the carry value, revaluation reserve or depreciation policy in respect of the Newark Torc.

Newark Castle is currently classed as a de-minimis Community Asset under Property, Plant and Equipment with a carry value of £1. There are no expected changes to the carry value, revaluation reserve or depreciation policy in respect of Newark Castle.

## **3 Critical Judgements in applying Accounting Policies**

In applying the accounting policies set out in Note 1, the Council has had to make certain judgements about complex transactions or those involving uncertainty about future events. The critical judgements made in the Statement of Accounts are:

- The authority has a deposit with the Icelandic Bank, Glitnir, which defaulted on its obligations in October 2008. A decision by the courts has confirmed the authority as a preferred creditor, however, this decision is under appeal. The interest receivable on the deposit has been impaired accordingly.
- The authority is a trustee of Southwell Leisure Centre Trust which operates the leisure centre at Southwell. It has been determined that the authority does not have control of the Trust and it is not a subsidiary of the authority.



#### 4 Assumptions made about the Future and Other Major Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The Statement of Accounts contains estimated figures that are based on assumptions made by the authority about the future or that are otherwise uncertain. Estimates are made taking into account historical experience, current trends and other relevant factors. However, because balances cannot be determined with certainty, actual results could be materially different from the assumptions and estimates.

Where a component part of a non current asset has been replaced or restored, the carrying amount of the old component has been derecognised to avoid double counting and the new component reflected in the carrying amount. The cost of the new component part has been used to determine the amount to be derecognised.

The items in the Council's Balance Sheet for which there may be a significant risk of material adjustment in the forthcoming financial year are as follows:

- Property, Plant and Equipment – assets are depreciated over useful lives that are dependent on assumptions made about the level of repairs and maintenance that will be incurred in relation to individual assets. The current economic climate makes it uncertain if the authority will be able to sustain its current spending on repairs and maintenance, bringing into doubt the useful lives assigned to assets. If the useful life is reduced depreciation increases and the carrying amount of the asset falls.
- Pensions Liability – estimation of the net liability to pay pensions depends on a number of complex judgements relating to the discount rate used, the rate at which salaries are projected to increase, changes in retirement ages, mortality rates and expected returns on pension fund assets. A firm of consulting actuaries is engaged to provide the authority with expert advice about the assumptions to be applied. The effects on the net pension liability of changes in individual assumptions can be measured, however, the assumptions interact in complex ways.

#### 5 Material Items of Income and Expenditure

Disclosed separately as an expenditure item on the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is Impairment of Council Dwellings. The charge of £73,857k relates to the reduction in value of the Council's housing stock due to the Government change in the social housing factor which identifies the economic cost to the government of providing council housing at less than market rents.

Disclosed separately as a negative expenditure item in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is Pension Past Service Gains. The charge of £7,670k has arisen as a result of the Government decision that public service would be up-rated in line with the Consumer Price Index rather than the Retail Price Index.

During 2010/2011 the following material transactions, which are not disclosed separately in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, took place:

- Completion of 26 new council houses at a cost of £2,150,951.
- Disposal of Potterdyke car park, Newark, for a total receipt of £5,637,000
- Trade waste disposal charges, payable to Nottinghamshire County Council, of £290,580
- Payment to Nottinghamshire County Council of concessionary fares totalling £1,012,084

#### 6 Material Interest in Joint Bodies

The Council appoints six of the nine Trustees of the Southwell Leisure Centre Trust and provides grant aid which for 2010/2011 was £191,420 (2009/2010 £174,930). The Trust is administered in accordance with the Scheme of Administration established 24th October 1974 as amended by the Charity Commissioners on the 29<sup>th</sup> December 1983. The object of the Trust is to establish and maintain leisure facilities for the inhabitants of Southwell and district and to achieve a breakeven position on operations.

The Council has a joint interest in Mansfield Crematorium. The annual net surplus from the running of the crematorium amounts to £16,000 (2009/2010 £44,000) and is included within the net cost of Cultural, Environmental, Regulatory and Planning Services. The Council also includes its share of the assets and liabilities of the crematorium in its Balance Sheet.

The transactions are summarised below:

<b><u>Mansfield Crematorium</u></b>	2010/2011	2009/2010
	£'000	£'000
<b><u>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</u></b>		
Gross Expenditure	90	84
Gross Income	(105)	(127)
Net Cost of Service	(15)	(43)
Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure	(1)	(1)
(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services	(16)	(44)

<b><u>Mansfield Crematorium</u></b>	2010/2011	2009/2010
	£'000	£'000
<b><u>Balance Sheet</u></b>		
Property Plant and Equipment	178	191
Investments	252	328
Debtors	67	14
Cash and Cash Equivalents	77	22
Creditors	(17)	(1)
Net Assets	557	554
Usable Reserves	379	363
Unusable Reserves	178	191
	557	554

#### 7 Authorisation of Accounts

The Statement of Accounts was issued and authorised by David Dickinson, CPFA, BA, Director of Resources, on 29th June 2011.

#### 8 Trust Funds

The Council acts as sole trustee for two Trusts;

##### The W.E. Knight Trust

A permanently endowed charity established by an indenture dated 6 January 1920 as varied by a conveyance of 6 July 1933 by the Trustees to the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Newark-on-Trent. Separate accounts for this Charity have been maintained since 1 April 1984. Up to that date the costs of maintenance and repair and any income received had been included in the accounts of the Borough and District Councils. The Administration and Finance Committee acting as Trustees resolved at their meeting on the 5 April 1993 and subsequently at their meeting on 14 April 1997 that all accrued income and all income received from the 1 April 1994 be wholly applied towards the running of the Heritage Centre. The Gilstrap Endowment meets any deficit on the running of the Heritage Centre and therefore for ease of administration all of the Trust's income is transferred to the Endowment.

##### The Gilstrap Endowment

Created for the purpose of establishing a Library to be vested in the Newark Corporation and to provide financial assistance towards the salaries and expenses of such Library. The accounts in respect of the Endowment were maintained by Nottinghamshire County Council until 31 March 1987 when Newark and Sherwood District Council took over as Trustees consequent upon the County Council acquiring a new site for a Central Library. The District Council agreed a new scheme of administration which has been sealed by the Charity Commissioners on the 28 August 1990 and applies the income of the Endowment to the upkeep and use of the Gilstrap building.

The endowed funds of the charities are Gilstrap Endowment Fund £131,616.94 and W E Knight Trust Fund £133,850. These wholly consist of cash which is invested in the money market.

The following tables show the final account figures for 2009/2010, prepared under UK GAAP principles, reformatted into IFRS headings. All these adjustments have been made under International Accounting Standards 1 (IAS 1) Presentation of Financial Statements.

<b>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>			
<b>(Formerly Income and Expenditure Account)</b>			
<u>UK GAAP Headings</u>	<b>2009/2010</b>		<u>IFRS Headings</u>
	<u>UK GAAP</u>	<u>IFRS</u>	
	<u>Format</u>	<u>Format</u>	
	<u>£'000</u>	<u>£'000</u>	
Net Cost of Services	5,382	5,382	Surplus/Deficit on Continuing Operations
<b>Corporate Income and Expenditure</b>			
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	40		
Parish Council Precepts	2,336		
(Surplus)/Deficit on Trading Undertakings	45		
Contribution to Housing Pooled Receipts	176		
Provision for Doubtful Debts	(83)		
		2,514	Other Operating Expenditure
Interest Payable	3,733		
Investment and Other Interest	(448)		
Losses on Repurchase of Borrowing	(26)		
Pension Interest Cost and Expected return on Pension Assets	2,137		
		5,396	Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure
Net operating expenditure	13,292	13,292	
Principal Sources of Finance	(18,926)	(18,926)	Taxation and Non Specific Grant income
<b>(Surplus)/deficit for year to Statement of Movement of General fund Balance</b>	<b>(5,634)</b>	<b>(5,634)</b>	<b>Surplus/Deficit on Provision of Services</b>

<b>Balance Sheet</b>			
	<b>2009/2010</b>		
<u>UK GAAP Headings</u>	<u>UK GAAP</u>	<u>IFRS</u>	<u>IFRS Headings</u>
	<u>Format</u>	<u>Format</u>	
	£'000	£'000	
<u>Fixed Assets</u>			<u>Long Term Assets</u>
Intangible Assets	16	16	Intangible Assets
Surplus Assets	50		Current Assets Held for Sale
Surplus Assets	1,260		
Operational Assets	254,217		
Other Non Operational Assets	3,453		
		256,948	Property Plant and Equipment
		1,982	Investment Property
Long Term Debtors	164	164	Long Term Debtors
Long Term Investments	10	10	Long Term Investments
	259,170	259,120	
<u>Current Assets</u>			<u>Current Assets</u>
Stocks	148	148	Inventories and Work in Progress
Debtors	7,824	7,824	Short Term Debtors
Temporary Investments	11,804	11,804	Short Term Investments
Cash at Bank and in Hand	291	291	Cash and Cash Equivalents
Surplus Assets		50	Current Assets Held for Sale
	20,067	20,117	
<u>Current Liabilities</u>			<u>Current Liabilities</u>
Borrowing Repayable on Demand	(7,908)	(7,908)	Short Term Borrowing
Creditors	(11,212)	(11,212)	Short Term Creditors
	(19,120)	(19,120)	
<u>Long Term Liabilities</u>			<u>Long Term Liabilities</u>
Borrowing Repayable in greater than 12 months	(61,776)	(61,776)	Long Term Borrowing
Grants and Contributions Unapplied	(3,588)	(3,588)	Capital Grants Receipts in Advance
Developers Costs Deferred	(2,206)	(2,206)	Long Term Creditors
Deferred Liabilities	(113)		
Government Grants and Other Contributions Deferred	(4,072)		
Liability Related to Defined Benefit Pension Scheme	(53,790)		
		(57,975)	Other Long Term Liabilities
	(125,545)	(125,545)	
<b>Total Assets Less Liabilities</b>	<b>134,572</b>	<b>134,572</b>	<b>Net Assets</b>
Revenue Accounts	6,060		
Earmarked Reserves	7,342		
Capital Receipts Reserve	927		
		14,329	Usable Reserves
Pensions Reserve	(53,790)		
Revaluation Reserve	5,943		
Collection Fund Adjustment Account	164		
Deferred Capital Receipts	32		
Capital Adjustment Account	168,349		
Financial Instrument Adjustment Account	(455)		
		120,243	Unusable Reserves
<b>Total Net Worth</b>	<b>134,572</b>	<b>134,572</b>	<b>Total Reserves</b>

In addition to the new format of the financial statements, the introduction of IFRS has necessitated the recalculation of some charges and balances. The following tables identify the adjustments made under the relevant standard as listed below:

- IAS 7 (International Accounting Standard 7 Statement of Cash Flows) – requires the reclassification of short term investments as cash equivalents in line with the authority’s accounting policy.
- IAS 16 (International Accounting Standard 16 Property Plant and Equipment) – recognises and measures non current assets including a requirement for a review of classification.
- IAS 17 (International Accounting Standard 17 Leases) - determines the classification, measurement, accounting treatment and disclosure requirements for all the authority’s leases, both as lessor and lessee.
- IAS 19 (International Accounting Standard 19 Employee Benefits) – introduces the requirement to include provisions for any benefits payable during employment, termination benefits and post employment benefits.
- IAS 20 (International Accounting Standard 20 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance) – determines the scope, recognition and accounting treatment for government and non government grants.
- IAS 40 (International Accounting Standards 40 Investment Property) - determines the classification, measurement, accounting treatment and disclosure requirements for investment properties.
- IFRS 5 (International Financial Reporting Standard 5 Non Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations) – determines the classification, measurement, accounting treatment and disclosure requirements for assets held for sale.

	<b>2009/2010</b>					<b>2009/2010</b>
	<b>UK GAAP</b>	<b>IAS 17</b>	<b>IAS 19</b>	<b>IAS 20</b>	<b>IAS 40</b>	<b>IFRS</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>
Central Services to the Public	<b>971</b>		6			<b>977</b>
Cultural, Environmental, Regulatory and Planning Services	<b>10,762</b>	7	30	416		<b>11,215</b>
Highways and Transport Services	<b>94</b>					<b>94</b>
Housing Revenue Account	<b>(9,784)</b>			308	(359)	<b>(9,835)</b>
Housing Services	<b>717</b>		(1)	454		<b>1,170</b>
Corporate and Democratic Core	<b>2,168</b>					<b>2,168</b>
Non Distributed Costs	<b>454</b>			177		<b>631</b>
Surplus/Deficit on Continuing Operations	<b>5,382</b>	7	35	1,355	(359)	<b>6,420</b>
Other Operating Expenditure	<b>2,514</b>				28	<b>2,542</b>
Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure	<b>5,396</b>					<b>5,396</b>
Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income	<b>(18,926)</b>			(3,726)		<b>(22,652)</b>
Surplus/Deficit on Provision of Services	<b>(5,634)</b>	7	35	(2,371)	(331)	<b>(8,294)</b>

	<b>Balance Sheet</b>								
	<b>2009/2010</b>								<b>2009/2010</b>
	<b>UK GAAP</b>	IAS 40	IFRS 5	IAS 20	IAS 19	IAS 7	IAS 16	IAS 17	<b>IFRS</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	<b>£'000</b>
Property Plant and Equipment	256,962	(986)	(50)				(512)	280	255,694
Investment Property	2,018	1,001					56		3,075
Intangible Assets	16								16
Assets Held for Sale	0								0
Long Term Investments	10								10
Long Term Debtors	164								164
<b>Long Term Assets</b>	<b>259,170</b>	15	(50)	0	0	0	(456)	280	<b>258,959</b>
Short Term Investments	11,804					(9,629)			2,175
Inventories	148								148
Short Term Debtors	7,824								7,824
Cash and Cash Equivalents	291					9,629			9,920
Assets Held for Sale	0		50				5,000		5,050
<b>Current Assets</b>	<b>20,067</b>	0	50	0	0	0	5,000	0	<b>25,117</b>
Short Term Borrowing	(7,908)								(7,908)
Short Term Creditors	(11,212)			3,902	(185)				(7,495)
Provisions	0								0
<b>Current Liabilities</b>	<b>(19,120)</b>	0	0	3,902	(185)	0	0	0	<b>(15,403)</b>
Long Term Creditors	(2,206)			671					(1,535)
Long Term Borrowing	(61,776)								(61,776)
Other Long Term Liabilities	(57,975)			4,073				(294)	(54,196)
Capital Grants Receipts in Advance	(3,588)			(213)					(3,801)
<b>Long Term Liabilities</b>	<b>(125,545)</b>	0	0	4,531	0	0	0	(294)	<b>(121,308)</b>
<b>Net Assets</b>	<b>134,572</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8,433</b>	<b>(185)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,544</b>	<b>(14)</b>	<b>147,365</b>
Usable Reserves	14,329			4,359					18,688
Unusable Reserves	120,243	15		4,074	(185)		4,544	(14)	128,677
<b>Total Reserves</b>	<b>134,572</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8,433</b>	<b>(185)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,544</b>	<b>(14)</b>	<b>147,365</b>

10 Other Operating Expenditure

Other Operating Expenditure can be analysed as follows:

	2010/2011			2009/2010		
	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Spend £'000	Spend £'000 <i>Restated</i>	Income £'000 <i>Restated</i>	Net Spend £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Parish Precepts	2,435	0	2,435	2,335	0	2,335
Contribution to Housing Pooled Receipts	260	0	260	176	0	176
Trading Undertakings	132	(111)	21	155	(110)	45
(Gain)/Loss on Sale of Non Current Assets	7,272	(6,047)	1,225	401	(332)	69
Provision for Doubtful Debt		(11)	(11)	0	(83)	(83)
	<u>10,099</u>	<u>(6,169)</u>	<u>3,930</u>	<u>3,067</u>	<u>(525)</u>	<u>2,542</u>

11 Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure

Financing and Investment income and expenditure can be analysed as follows:

	2010/2011			2009/2010		
	Spend £'000	Income £'000	Net Spend £'000	Spend £'000 <i>Restated</i>	Income £'000 <i>Restated</i>	Net Spend £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Interest Payable	3,636		3,636	3,734		3,734
Investment and Other Interest		(205)	(205)		(448)	(448)
(Gain)/Loss on Repurchase of Borrowing			0		(27)	(27)
Pension Interest Cost and Expected Return on Pensions Assets	5,078	(3,394)	1,684	4,534	(2,397)	2,137
	<u>8,714</u>	<u>(3,599)</u>	<u>5,115</u>	<u>8,268</u>	<u>(2,872)</u>	<u>5,396</u>

12 Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income

Taxation and Non Specific grant income can be analysed as follows:

	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
<u>Revenue</u>		
Council Tax Payers	(8,836)	(8,716)
Revenue Support Grant	(1,309)	(1,902)
Area Based Grant	(34)	(23)
Local Authority Business Growth Initiative Grant	0	(45)
Distribution from Non Domestic Rate Pool	<u>(9,018)</u>	<u>(8,240)</u>
	(19,197)	(18,926)
<u>Capital</u>		
Grants and Contributions	<u>(4,816)</u>	<u>(3,726)</u>
	(4,816)	(3,726)
Total Grants Received	<u>(24,013)</u>	<u>(22,652)</u>

The Council's internal performance management reports are based on the portfolios held by each member of the Cabinet. These portfolios are reported to Overview and Scrutiny Committees on a quarterly basis. The Council's outturn figures, as reported in this management format, are disclosed below.

<b>2010/2011</b>	<u>Strategic and Corporate Policy</u>	<u>Safe and Strong</u>	<u>Culture and Leisure</u>	<u>Sustainable Development and Regeneration</u>	<u>Clean and Green</u>	<u>Health and Homes</u>	<u>Housing Revenue Account</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Employees	(2,623)	622	2,785	2,307	3,368	997		7,456
Premises	157	8	836	350	215	835		2,401
Transport	68	16	22	66	1,256	202		1,630
Supplies and Services	3,418	857	1,390	969	1,030	997	10,222	18,883
Transfer Payments	31,705					41		31,746
<b>Total Expenditure</b>	<b>32,725</b>	<b>1,503</b>	<b>5,033</b>	<b>3,692</b>	<b>5,869</b>	<b>3,072</b>	<b>10,222</b>	<b>62,116</b>
Income	(35,328)	(1,304)	(3,154)	(2,262)	(1,539)	(2,454)	(17,746)	(63,787)
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>(35,328)</b>	<b>(1,304)</b>	<b>(3,154)</b>	<b>(2,262)</b>	<b>(1,539)</b>	<b>(2,454)</b>	<b>(17,746)</b>	<b>(63,787)</b>
<b>Net Expenditure</b>	<b>(2,603)</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>1,879</b>	<b>1,430</b>	<b>4,330</b>	<b>618</b>	<b>(7,524)</b>	<b>(1,671)</b>
<b>Memorandum Items</b>								
Support Services	3,208	363	1,304	1,161	1,533	1,067	297	8,933
Capital Charges	144		275	102	1,365	1,041	77,650	80,577
	749	562	3,458	2,693	7,228	2,726	70,423	87,839
<b>Reconciliation to (Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations</b>								
Add amounts not reported to management								(9,473)
Remove amounts included on management report but excluded from Continuing Operations								(21)
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations in Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>								<b>78,345</b>



Reconciliation of service information reporting to Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

<b>2010/2011</b>	<u>Service Analysis</u>	<u>Services Not</u>	<u>Not Reported to</u>	<u>Not Included in</u>	<u>Allocation of</u>	<u>Continuing</u>	<u>Corporate</u>	<u>Total</u>
		<u>in Analysis</u>	<u>Management</u>	<u>I&amp;E</u>	<u>Recharges</u>	<u>Operations</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fees, Charges and Other Service Income	(63,787)		(9,436)	111	9,251	(63,861)	(122)	(63,983)
Income on Joint Associates		(105)				(105)	(1)	(106)
Interest and Investment Income						0	(3,598)	(3,598)
Income from Council tax						0	(8,836)	(8,836)
Government Grants and Contributions						0	(15,177)	(15,177)
Disposal of Assets						0	(6,047)	(6,047)
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>(63,787)</b>	<b>(105)</b>	<b>(9,436)</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>9,251</b>	<b>(63,966)</b>	<b>(33,781)</b>	<b>(97,747)</b>
Employee Expenses	7,456		38		(5,275)	2,219		2,219
Other Service Expenses	54,660	483	712	(80)	(2,322)	53,453	80	53,533
Expenditure on Joint Associates		90				90		90
Support Service Recharges	8,933			(52)	(1,613)	7,268	52	7,320
Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	80,577		135		(41)	80,671		80,671
Interest Payments						0	8,714	8,714
Precepts and Levies						0	2,435	2,435
Payments to Housing Capital Receipts Pool						0	260	260
Disposal of Assets			(1,390)			(1,390)	7,272	5,882
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>151,626</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>(505)</b>	<b>(132)</b>	<b>(9,251)</b>	<b>142,311</b>	<b>18,813</b>	<b>161,124</b>
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services</b>	<b>87,839</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>(9,941)</b>	<b>(21)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>78,345</b>	<b>(14,968)</b>	<b>63,377</b>

<b>2009/2010</b>	<u>Strategic and Corporate Policy</u>	<u>Safe and Strong</u>	<u>Culture and Leisure</u>	<u>Sustainable Development and Regeneration</u>	<u>Clean and Green</u>	<u>Health and Homes</u>	<u>Housing Revenue Account</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Employees	4,485	542	2,655	2,398	3,070	937		14,087
Premises	126	24	971	341	183	923		2,568
Transport	87	22	40	91	1,181	192		1,613
Supplies and Services	3,665	773	1,484	933	899	1,020	9,965	18,739
Transfer Payments	30,038					75		30,113
<b>Total Expenditure</b>	<b>38,401</b>	<b>1,361</b>	<b>5,150</b>	<b>3,763</b>	<b>5,333</b>	<b>3,147</b>	<b>9,965</b>	<b>67,120</b>
Income	(33,275)	(1,033)	(3,414)	(2,601)	(1,398)	(2,523)	(17,279)	(61,523)
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>(33,275)</b>	<b>(1,033)</b>	<b>(3,414)</b>	<b>(2,601)</b>	<b>(1,398)</b>	<b>(2,523)</b>	<b>(17,279)</b>	<b>(61,523)</b>
<b>Net Expenditure</b>	<b>5,126</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>1,736</b>	<b>1,162</b>	<b>3,935</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>(7,314)</b>	<b>5,597</b>
<b>Memorandum Items</b>								
Support Services	2,984	305	1,225	1,311	1,408	1,063	309	8,605
Capital Charges	135		604	784	590	965	(2,829)	249
	<b>8,245</b>	<b>633</b>	<b>3,565</b>	<b>3,257</b>	<b>5,933</b>	<b>2,652</b>	<b>(9,834)</b>	<b>14,451</b>
<b>Reconciliation to (Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations</b>								
Add amounts not reported to management								(7,986)
Remove amounts included on management report but excluded from Continuing Operations								(45)
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations in Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>								<b>6,420</b>

Reconciliation of service information reporting to Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

<b>2009/2010</b>	<u>Service Analysis</u>	<u>Services Not</u>	<u>Not Reported to</u>	<u>Not Included in</u>	<u>Allocation of</u>	<u>Continuing</u>	<u>Corporate</u>	<u>Total</u>
		<u>in Analysis</u>	<u>Management</u>	<u>I&amp;E</u>	<u>Recharges</u>	<u>Operations</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fees, Charges and Other Service Income	(61,523)		(8,653)	110	8,798	(61,268)	(526)	(61,794)
Income on Joint Associates		(128)				(128)		(128)
Interest and Investment Income						0	(2,871)	(2,871)
Income from Council tax						0	(8,716)	(8,716)
Government Grants and Contributions						0	(13,936)	(13,936)
Disposal of Assets						0		0
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>(61,523)</b>	<b>(128)</b>	<b>(8,653)</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>8,798</b>	<b>(61,396)</b>	<b>(26,049)</b>	<b>(87,445)</b>
Employee Expenses	14,087	4	71		(4,765)	9,397		9,397
Other Service Expenses	53,033	459	205	(107)	(2,346)	51,244	107	51,351
Expenditure on Joint Associates		84				84		84
Support Service Recharges	8,605		(7)	(48)	(1,646)	6,904	48	6,952
Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	249		(21)		(41)	187	28	215
Interest Payments						0	8,269	8,269
Precepts and Levies						0	2,335	2,335
Payments to Housing Capital Receipts Pool						0	176	176
Disposal of Assets						0	372	372
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>75,974</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>(155)</b>	<b>(8,798)</b>	<b>67,816</b>	<b>11,335</b>	<b>79,151</b>
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services</b>	<b>14,451</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>(8,405)</b>	<b>(45)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6,420</b>	<b>(14,714)</b>	<b>(8,294)</b>

14 Trading Operations

The Council undertakes a small number of Trading Operations. Any forecast surplus or deficit as a result of these services is included in the Council's annual budget and within Continuing Operations in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement where appropriate. Catering Services is shown within Other Operating Expenditure as a Trading Undertaking.

	2010/2011 Expenditure £'000	2010/2011 Income £'000	2010/2011 (Surplus)/Deficit £'000	2009/2010 (Surplus)/Deficit £'000
Industrial Estates	883	(945)	(62)	354
Palace Theatre	1,270	(744)	526	404
Building Control	259	(232)	27	15
Car Parks	493	(1,194)	(701)	(675)
Catering	132	(111)	21	45
	<u>3,037</u>	<u>(3,226)</u>	<u>(189)</u>	<u>143</u>

Industrial Estates – provision of units in industrial estates in various parts of the district.

Palace Theatre – provision of performing arts facilities.

Building Control – operation of statutory building control service.

Car Parks – operation of pay and display car parks across the district.

Catering – provision of catering services for internal and external functions at Kelham Hall.

15 Members Allowances

Total allowances paid in 2010/2011 were £279,882 (2009/2010 £286,585) made up of Special Responsibility Payments £90,500 (2009/2010 £90,524), Basic Allowances £168,766 (2009/2010 £169,500) and £20,616 Travel and Subsistence payments (2009/2010 £26,561).

16 Officials' Emoluments

The number of employees whose remuneration, excluding pension contributions, was £50,000 or more in bands of £5,000 were:-

	Number of Employees 2010/2011	Employees Included in 2010/2011 leaving in same year	Number of Employees 2009/2010
£50,000 to £54,999	0	0	2
£55,000 to £59,999	0	0	0
£60,000 to £64,999	2	1	0
£65,000 to £69,999	2	0	1
£70,000 to £74,999	2	0	4
£75,000 to £79,999	0	0	0
£80,000 to £84,999	0	0	0
£85,000 to £89,999	0	0	0
£90,000 to £94,999	2	0	2
£95,000 to £99,999	0	0	0
£100,000 to £104,999	0	0	0
£105,000 to £109,999	0	0	0
£110,000 to £114,999	0	0	0
£115,000 to £119,999	1	0	1
	<u>9</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>10</u>

Amounts payable to senior employees in 2010/2011 are disclosed below. These employees have been included in the disclosure table shown above.

	<u>2010/2011</u>	<u>2009/2010</u>
	£	£
<b><u>Chief Executive</u></b>		
Salary	113,490.00	113,490.00
Expenses, Allowances and Other Benefits	2,329.45	2,914.85
Employer's Contribution to Pension	24,854.28	23,832.96
% Employee's Contribution to Pension	7.5%	7.5%
<b><u>Strategic Director for Communities</u></b>		
Salary	91,271.15	91,707.96
Expenses, Allowances and Other Benefits	1,494.50	2,217.62
Employer's Contribution to Pension	19,988.37	19,258.68
% Employee's Contribution to Pension	7.5%	7.5%
<b><u>Deputy Chief Executive</u></b>		
<b><u>(Formerly Strategic Director (Customers &amp; Resources))</u></b>		
Salary	91,271.15	91,707.96
Expenses, Allowances and Other Benefits	1,585.96	2,501.15
Employer's Contribution to Pension	19,988.37	19,258.68
% Employee's Contribution to Pension	7.5%	7.5%
<b><u>Director of Resources</u></b>		
<b><u>(Formerly Head of Finance and Asset Management)</u></b>		
Salary	72,012.00	72,417.00
Expenses, Allowances and Other Benefits	1,071.93	1,397.61
Employer's Contribution to Pension	15,770.64	15,207.60
% Employee's Contribution to Pension	7.2%	7.2%
<b><u>Director of Safety *</u></b>		
Salary	69,784.50	n/a
Expenses, Allowances and Other Benefits	1,210.13	n/a
Employer's Contribution to Pension	15,282.78	n/a
% Employee's Contribution to Pension	7.2%	n/a
<b><u>Director of Community *</u></b>		
Salary	67,557.00	n/a
Expenses, Allowances and Other Benefits	2,142.52	n/a
Employer's Contribution to Pension	14,795.04	n/a
% Employee's Contribution to Pension	7.2%	n/a
<b><u>Director of Customers *</u></b>		
Salary	65,523.00	n/a
Expenses, Allowances and Other Benefits	1,549.47	n/a
Employer's Contribution to Pension	14,349.48	n/a
% Employee's Contribution to Pension	7.2%	n/a
<b><u>Director of Growth *</u></b>		
Salary	62,510.40	n/a
Expenses, Allowances and Other Benefits	689.15	n/a
Employer's Contribution to Pension	13,689.79	n/a
% Employee's Contribution to Pension	7.2%	n/a
* Post created in February 2011		

The Authority is required to disclose material transactions with related parties – bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the council or to be controlled or influenced by the council. Disclosure of these transactions allows an assessment of the extent to which the council might have been constrained in its ability to operate independently or might have secured the ability to limit another party’s ability to bargain freely with the Authority.

Most transactions with related parties are disclosed elsewhere in the Statement of Accounts as follows:

<u>Party</u>	<u>Disclosure</u>	<u>Page</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Central Government has effective control over the general operations of the Authority – it is responsible for providing the statutory framework within which the Authority operates, provides the majority of its funding in the form of grants and prescribes the terms of many of the transactions the Authority has with other parties.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</li> </ul>	13
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cash Flow Statement</li> </ul>	15-16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Members of the council have direct control over the council’s financial and operating policies.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Note 15 Members Allowances</li> </ul>	36
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Precepts from other Local Authorities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Statutory Register of Interests</li> </ul>	75-76
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Newark and Sherwood Hones Ltd is a wholly owned subsidiary of the authority</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Collection Fund Accounts</li> </ul>	77-91
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The authority has joint control of Mansfield Crematorium</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Group Accounts</li> </ul>	77-91
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The authority appoints the majority of trustees of the Southwell Leisure Centre Trust.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Note 6 Material Interests in Joint Bodies.</li> </ul>	25
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Note 6 Material Interests in Joint Bodies.</li> </ul>	25

During 2010/2011 the following material transactions occurred with companies and organisations in which Members, Officers and their close family members, had an interest.

	Receipts £'000	Payments £'000
Flowserve Pumps Limited	2	
Magnus Church of England School	11	
Southwell Town Council	17	18
Sherwood Forest Hospitals Trust	2	7
North Muskham Parish Council		10
Electoral Reform Services		2
Local Government Association		28
Newark Amateur Operatic Society		26
Robin Hood Theatre Company		1
Royal British Legion		1
The Law Society		2

The Council credited the following grants and contributions to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000
<b>Credited to Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income</b>		
Revenue Support Grant	(1,309)	(1,902)
Area Based Grant	(34)	(23)
Local Authority Business Growth Initiative Grant	0	(45)
Section 106	(259)	(259)
Other Third Parties	(1,292)	(207)
Nottinghamshire County Council Contributions	(23)	(154)
Lottery Funding	(366)	(170)
Waste Infrastructure	(31)	(83)
Growth Point	(656)	(2,283)
New Council House Build	(1,497)	(91)
Private Sector Disabled Facilities	(329)	(295)
Private Sector Essential Works Allowance	(363)	(184)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	(6,159)	(5,696)
<b>Credited to Services</b>		
Growth Incentive	(205)	(205)
Housing Benefits	(18,107)	(17,352)
Council Tax Benefits	(13,490)	(12,435)
Personnel section	(4)	(3)
Council Tax Benefits	(156)	(158)
Housing Benefits Grant	(783)	(814)
Land Charges	(34)	0
Finance	(79)	0
Leisure Grants	(59)	(21)
Museums Management	(12)	(1)
Business Growth Incentive	0	(46)
Staying Put	(29)	(29)
Primary Care Trust	(16)	(15)
Planning Development Grants	(31)	(238)
Concessionary Fares	(293)	(285)
Other Housing Grants	(64)	(102)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	(33,362)	(31,704)

The Council has received a number of grants and contributions that have yet to be recognised as income as they have conditions attached to them that will require the monies or property to be returned to the giver. Details of these are included in Note 37 Capital Receipts in Advance.

19 Audit Fees

In 2010/2011 Newark and Sherwood District Council incurred the following fees relating to external audit and inspection:

	2010/2011 £	2009/2010 £
Fees Payable to the Audit Commission in respect of:		
External Audit Services	109,533	105,159
Statutory Inspection	0	8,313
Certification of Grant Claims	22,739	33,988
Other Services	1,150	7,290
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	133,422	154,750

20 Property Plant and Equipment

<b>Property Plant and Equipment As at 31st March 2011</b>	Council Dwellings £'000	Other Land and Buildings £'000	Vehicles Plant Equipment £'000	Infrastructure Assets £'000	Community Assets £'000	Surplus Assets £'000	Assets Under Construction £'000	TOTAL £'000
<b>Cost or Valuation</b>								
At 1 April 2010	221,301	32,399	3,664	0	909	0	1,474	259,747
Additions	2,577	665	57		107		3,458	6,864
Revaluation increases/(decreases) to Revaluation Reserve	(637)	5,265						4,628
Revaluation increases/(decreases) to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services	(76,033)	(1,810)						(77,843)
Derecognition - Disposals	(247)	(36)	(151)					(434)
Derecognition - Other	(1,390)							(1,390)
Reclassifications (to)/from Held for Sale								0
Reclassifications - Other	2,621	1,235					(3,813)	43
<b>At 31 March 2011</b>	<b>148,192</b>	<b>37,718</b>	<b>3,570</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,016</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,119</b>	<b>191,615</b>
<b>Depreciation and Impairment</b>								
At 1 April 2010	0	1,473	2,538	0	10	0	31	4,052
Depreciation charge	2,180	685	236		3			3,104
Depreciation written out to Revaluation Reserve								0
Depreciation written out to Surplus/Deficit on the Provision of Services	(2,176)	(607)						(2,783)
Impairment losses/reversals to Revaluation Reserve								0
Impairment losses/reversals to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services								0
Disposals	(4)	(9)	(151)					(164)
Reclassifications								0
<b>At 31 March 2011</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,542</b>	<b>2,623</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>4,209</b>
<b>Balance Sheet amount at 31 March 2011</b>	<b>148,192</b>	<b>36,176</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,003</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,088</b>	<b>187,406</b>
<b>Balance Sheet amount at 1 April 2010</b>	<b>221,301</b>	<b>30,926</b>	<b>1,126</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>899</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,443</b>	<b>255,695</b>



<b>Property Plant and Equipment As at 31st March 2010</b>	Council Dwellings £'000	Other Land and Buildings £'000 Restated	Vehicles Plant Equipment £'000	Infrastructure Assets £'000	Community Assets £'000 Restated	Surplus Assets £'000 Restated	Assets Under Construction £'000	TOTAL £'000 Restated
<b>Cost or Valuation</b>								
At 1 April 2009	203,912	32,858	3,123	0	902	86	144	241,025
Additions	13,841	219	541	30	148	0	1,131	15,910
Revaluation increases/(decreases) to Revaluation Reserve	(2,340)	5,544	0	0	0	0	24	3,228
Revaluation increases/(decreases) to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services	5,751	(1,013)	0	(30)	(141)	0	(38)	4,529
Derecognition - Disposals	(172)	(123)	0	0	0	0	0	(295)
Reclassifications - Held for Sale		(5,000)						(5,000)
Reclassifications - Other	309	(86)	0	0	0	(86)	213	350
At 31 March 2010	221,301	32,399	3,664	0	909	0	1,474	259,747
<b>Depreciation and Impairment</b>								
At 1 April 2009	0	1,306	2,029	0	9	0	1	3,345
Depreciation charge	3,050	674	509	0	1	0	0	4,234
Depreciation written out to Revaluation Reserve		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation written out to Surplus/Deficit on the Provision of Services	(3,050)	(467)	0	0	0	0	0	(3,517)
Impairment losses/reversals to Revaluation Reserve	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Impairment losses/reversals to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Derecognition - Disposals	0	(10)	0	0	0	0	0	(10)
Reclassifications - Other	0	(30)	0	0	0	0	30	0
At 31 March 2010	0	1,473	2,538	0	10	0	31	4,052
<b>Balance Sheet amount at 31 March 2010</b>	221,301	30,926	1,126	0	899	0	1,443	255,695
<b>Balance Sheet amount at 1 April 2009</b>	203,912	31,552	1,094	0	893	86	143	237,680

Finance Leases

The authority has a 30 year lease on the Millgate Museum and a 125 year lease on Clipstone Holding Centre which have been accounted for as finance leases. The assets are included on the Balance Sheet under Property, Plant and Equipment.

The net carrying amounts of the assets as at 31<sup>st</sup> March were:

	31 March 2011 £'000	31 March 2010 £'000
Land and Buildings	275	280
Vehicles, Plant and Equipment	0	0
	275	280

The authority is committed to making minimum payments under the leases comprising settlement of the long term liability for the interest in the property acquired by the authority in future years while the liability remains outstanding. The minimum lease payments are made up of the following amounts:

	31 March 2011 £'000	31 March 2010 £'000
Finance Lease Liabilities (net present value of minimum lease payments)	402	406
Finance costs payable in future years minimum lease payments	2,829	2,875
	3,231	3,281

The minimum lease payments will be payable over the following periods:

	Minimum Lease Payments		Finance Lease Liabilities (NPV)	
	31 March 2011 £'000	31 March 2010 £'000	31 March 2011 £'000	31 March 2010 £'000
Not later than one year	50	50	6	5
Later than one year and not later than five years	200	200	30	27
Later than five years	2,981	3,031	366	374
	3,231	3,281	402	406

The authority has sub let Clipstone Holding Centre units held under the finance lease. The annual minimum payments expected to be received is £36k (£35k in 2009/2010).

Operating Leases

Vehicles, Plant, Furniture and Equipment – the authority uses a range of vehicles, mowers and associated equipment, together with items of fitness equipment, financed under the terms of operating leases.

Land and Buildings – the Authority leases several items of land and buildings, to include small pieces of land, cashiers office and a car park to the rear of London Road, the leasing arrangements for each being accounted for as operating leases.

Future minimum lease payments due in future years are:

	31 March 2011 £'000	31 March 2010 £'000
Not later than one year	599	434
Later than one year and not later than five years	1,079	809
Later than five years	2,593	2,638
<b>Total Operating Lease Costs for 2010/2011</b>	<b>4,271</b>	<b>3,881</b>

The expenditure charged to services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement during the year in relation to these leases was:

	31 March 2011 £'000	31 March 2010 £'000
Minimum lease payments	591	544
Contingent rents	0	0
Sublease payments receivable	0	0
<b>Total Operating Lease Costs for 2010/2011</b>	<b>591</b>	<b>544</b>

## 22 Disclosure as Lessor

### Finance Leases

The authority has no finance leasing arrangements as lessor.

### Operating Leases

The authority has granted leases in respect of a range of industrial units, in addition to a livestock market, lorry wash and other commercial land and buildings. A number of village halls are also included. All arrangements are accounted for as operating leases with the village halls being charged peppercorn rents. All the leases as lessor are land and buildings. The Council does not currently lease any vehicle, plant or equipment.

Aggregate rentals received by the Authority in its capacity as lessor for 2010/2011 represented £880k (£882k 2009/2010).

The total future lease commitments are:

	31 March 2011 £'000	31 March 2010 £'000
Not later than one year	243	355
Later than one year and not later than five years	431	606
Later than five years	545	613
	<b>1,219</b>	<b>1,574</b>

23 Investment Properties

The Council leases a number of its investment properties on an operating lease. These properties are held solely for the purpose of earning rental and do not support any of the Council's service objectives.

	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000
Rental Income	(152)	(141)
Direct Operating Expenses	1	2
	(151)	(139)

There are no restrictions on the Council's ability to realise the value inherent in its investment property or on the Council's right to the remittance of income and the proceeds of disposal. The Council has no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or repairs, maintenance or enhancement.

The following table summarises the movement in the fair value of investment properties over the year:

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
<b>Balance Sheet value</b>			
At 1 April	3,075	3,165	3,165
Additions			
Revaluation increases/(decreases) to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services	(37)	349	
Disposals	(330)	(102)	
Reclassifications	(63)	(337)	
At 31 March	2,645	3,075	3,165

24 Assets Held for Sale

The Council holds the following current assets with the intent of selling them within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 <i>Closing</i> £'000	2009/2010 <i>Opening</i> £'000
Balance outstanding at start of year	5,050	50	50
Assets newly classified as held for sale	0	0	0
Property Plant and Equipment	0	5,000	0
Assets declassified as held for sale	0	0	0
Assets Sold	(5,050)	0	0
Transfers	0	0	0
Balance outstanding at year end	0	5,050	50

Intangible Assets

During 2010/2011 the Council's intangible assets consisted of computer software. These were considered to have significant long term value to justify inclusion within the Balance Sheet. They are amortised on a straight line basis over the estimated period of economic benefit to the Council which varies between 5 and 10 years depending on the particular system. The amortisation amount is charged to the relevant revenue service and is included within the (Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations.

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000	1st April 2009 £'000
<b>Cost or Valuation</b>			
At 1 April	675	675	675
Additions	16	0	0
Revaluation increases/(decreases) to Revaluation Reserve	0	0	0
Revaluation increases/(decreases) to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0
At 31 March	<u>691</u>	<u>675</u>	<u>675</u>
<b>Depreciation and Impairment</b>			
At 1 April	659	652	652
Amortisation	8	7	0
Impairment losses/reversals to Revaluation Reserve	0	0	0
Impairment losses/reversals to (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services	0	0	0
Disposals	0	0	0
At 31 March	<u>667</u>	<u>659</u>	<u>652</u>
<b>Balance Sheet amount 31 March</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>Balance Sheet amount 1 April</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>23</b>

26 Nature of Asset Holdings

The nature of the asset holdings are shown below.

<u>2010/2011</u>	Owned	Leased	Joint Arrangement	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<u>Property, Plant and Equipment</u>				
Council Dwellings	148,192	0	0	148,192
Other Land and Buildings	35,722	276	178	36,176
Vehicles, Plant, Furniture and Equipment	947	0	0	947
Community Assets	1,003	0	0	1,003
Surplus Assets	0	0	0	0
Infrastructure	0	0	0	0
Assets Under Construction	1,088	0	0	1,088
	<hr/>			
	186,952	276	178	187,406
Intangible Assets	24	0	0	24
Assets Held for Sale	0	0	0	0
Investment Properties	2,645	0	0	2,645
	<hr/>			
	189,621	276	178	190,075
	<hr/>			

27 Capital Expenditure and Financing

The main items of capital expenditure were:-

	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000
Council Dwellings	2,577	13,841
Other Land and Buildings	665	219
Vehicles, Plant, Furniture and Equipment	57	541
Infrastructure Assets	0	30
Community Assets	107	148
Assets Under Construction	3,458	1,131
	<hr/>	
	6,864	15,910
Plus De-Minimis	43	15
Plus Revenue Expenditure Funded from Capital under Statute	845	992
	<hr/>	
	7,752	16,917
	<hr/>	

The expenditure on non current assets was financed as follows:-

	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000
Internal Borrowing	1,325	10,576
Capital Receipts	716	1,549
Government Grants	3,235	849
Contributions from Third Parties	365	618
Specific Reserves and Provisions	2,111	3,325
	<u>7,752</u>	<u>16,917</u>

The Capital Financing Requirement is a measure of the capital expenditure incurred historically by the Council that has yet to be financed. The analysis of the Capital Financing Requirement is as follows:

	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000
Opening Capital Financing Requirement	80,556	70,254
Increase in underlying need to borrow (unsupported by government financial assistance)	1,068	10,302
Closing Capital Financing Requirement	<u>81,624</u>	<u>80,556</u>

The Council has a Capital Programme for 5 years of which £2,747k is contractually committed as at 31 March 2011.

	£'000
<u>Property Plant and Equipment</u>	
New Council House build	1,790
Corporate Telecommunications System	383
St Marks Place Toilets	257
Sconce and Devon Park	199
Other	118
	<u>2,747</u>

Statement of Assets

The list below includes all assets valued over the 'De-Minimis' level of £15,000 plus other significant assets:

	31st March 2011	31st March 2010	31st March 2009
Council Dwellings	5,452	5,431	5,433
Administrative Buildings and Local Offices	3	3	3
Depots	1	1	1
Off Street Car Parks	13	14	14
Leisure Centres and Pools	1	1	1
Joint Use Leisure Centres	2	2	2
Garage Sites	37	31	43
Industrial Estates	12	12	13
Cemeteries	2	2	2
Other Properties	76	77	66
Public Conveniences	4	7	6
Local Management Offices	0	0	2
Museums	1	1	1
Other	1	1	1
Theatres	1	1	1
Village Halls and Community Centres	6	6	7

Valuation of Assets

The freehold and leasehold properties which comprise the authority's property portfolio are valued by the Council's internal Valuer in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual of The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. Not all the properties were inspected at the time, as this was neither practicable nor considered by the Valuer to be necessary for the purpose of the valuation. Inspections have been carried out since April 1995 as part of the Council's policy to review all assets once every 5 years; therefore not all assets would have been inspected in 2010/2011. Plant and machinery is included implicitly in the valuation of the buildings. Properties regarded by the authority as operational were valued on the basis of open market value for the existing use or, where this could not be assessed because there was no market for the asset, the depreciated replacement cost. Properties regarded by the authority as non-operational have been valued on the basis of open market value. The 2010/2011 valuation of the Council Dwellings was carried out by David Bingham of Herbert Button and Partners with all other 2010/2011 valuations being carried out by the Council's Valuer, Leanne Baines, both of whom are suitably qualified for this purpose.

The following statement shows the progress of the Council's rolling programme for the revaluation of non current assets.

<b><u>Property, Plant and Equipment</u></b>	Council Dwellings £'000	Other Land & Buildings £'000	Vehicles Plant & Equipment £'000	Infra-Structure £'000	Community Assets £'000	Assets Under Construction £'000	Total £'000
Valued at Historical Cost	0	0	3,570	0	1,016	0	4,586
Valued at Current Value in							
2010/2011	148,192	9,107	0		0	0	157,299
2009/2010	0	7,347	0		0	0	7,347
2008/2009	0	12,423	0		0	0	12,423
2007/2008	0	6,791	0		0	0	6,791
2006/2007	0	947	0		0	0	947
	<b>148,192</b>	<b>36,615</b>	<b>3,570</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,016</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>189,393</b>
Additions over the 5 year period	0	1,103	0			1,119	2,222
Gross Book Value	<b>148,192</b>	<b>37,718</b>	<b>3,570</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,016</b>	<b>1,119</b>	<b>191,615</b>



<b>Other Non Current Assets</b>	Assets Held For Sale £'000	Investment Properties £'000	Intangible Assets £'000	Total £'000
Valued at Historical Cost	0	0	691	691
Valued at Current Value in				
2010/2011	0	2,645	0	2,645
2009/2010	0	0	0	0
2008/2009	0	0	0	0
2007/2008	0	0	0	0
2006/2007	0	0	0	0
	0	2,645	691	3,336
Additions over the 5 year period	0	0	0	0
Gross Book Value	0	2,645	691	3,336

The value of non current assets valued at historical cost less depreciation is £336,528k (2009/2010 £339,968k).

### 30 Long Term Debtors

The Council has powers under various statutes to make loans to third parties for the purchase and improvement of property, industrial development, provision of recreational facilities, etc. Under the provision of Section 437 of the Housing Act 1985 the Council had powers to grant mortgages in connection with the sale of Council Houses, however, it no longer does this.

The amounts outstanding in respect of the various categories of loans made at 31st March were:-

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000	1st April 2009 £'000
Loans to Housing Associations	36	38	40
Loans to Parish Councils	12	12	12
Loans to Staff for Assisted Car Purchase	45	75	81
Deferred sale receipt	4,363	0	0
	4,456	125	133
Council House Mortgages	33	39	45
	4,489	164	178

### 31 Inventories

The stocks held by the Council valued using the First in First out method of valuation can be analysed as follows:-

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000	1st April 2009 £'000
Leisure Centres, Museums, TIC's etc	42	41	44
Administrative Stores	11	19	15
Miscellaneous	22	22	23
Transport Stores	84	65	74
	159	147	156

32 Short Term Debtors

The amounts due to the Council were:-

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000	1st April 2009 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:-			
Central Government Bodies	735	524	974
Other Local Authorities	168	651	459
NHS Bodies	0	2	49
Public Corporations and Trading Funds	0	0	0
Bodies external to General Government	9,501	6,925	5,773
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	10,404	8,102	7,255
Less Provision for Doubtful Debt	(264)	(278)	(380)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	10,140	7,824	6,875

The movement on the provision for doubtful debt comprises £37k write offs, (£34k) contribution and £11k reduction in provision.

33 Short Term Creditors

The amounts owed by the Council were:-

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Amounts falling due within one year:-			
Central Government Bodies	312	741	334
Other Local Authorities	510	522	864
NHS Bodies	0	0	0
Public Corporations and Trading Funds	0	0	0
Bodies external to General Government	4,544	6,232	6,151
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	5,366	7,495	7,349

34 Termination Benefits

The authority terminated the contracts of a number of employees in 2010/2011 incurring liabilities of £72,706 (£178,057 in 2009/2010). Of this total £5,439 was for pay in lieu of notice and £67,266 redundancy costs as part of the Council's efficiency schemes.

35 Long Term Creditors

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Section 106 Receipts	1,618	1,535	2,097
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	1,618	1,535	2,097

36 Other Long Term Liabilities

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Net Pensions Liability	30,181	53,790	31,432
Deferred Liabilities	402	407	411
	<u>30,583</u>	<u>54,197</u>	<u>31,843</u>

37 Capital Receipts in Advance

Capital grants which have conditions attached to their use and whose conditions have not been met are classed as capital receipts in advance.

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Government	0	3,731	0
Section 106	36	45	36
Nottinghamshire County Council	0	2	0
Other Third Parties	7	23	7
Balance as at 31st March	<u>43</u>	<u>3,801</u>	<u>43</u>

The Council keeps a number of reserves in the Balance Sheet. Some are held for statutory reasons others to comply with proper accounting practice and others have been set up voluntarily to earmark resources for future spending plans. A breakdown of these reserves is shown below.

	Note/ Page	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
<b>Usable Reserves</b>				
<u>Revenue Accounts</u>				
General Fund	p11	2,320	2,211	2,111
Housing Revenue Account	p69	4,207	3,849	3,698
		<u>6,527</u>	<u>6,060</u>	<u>5,809</u>
<u>Earmarked Reserves</u>				
Capital	39	0	174	0
Revenue	39	8,038	7,161	6,582
		<u>8,038</u>	<u>7,335</u>	<u>6,582</u>
<u>Other</u>				
Unapplied Capital Receipts Reserve	39	5,993	927	2,331
Major Repairs Reserve	39	1,288	0	0
Revenue Grants and Contributions Unapplied	39	861	778	522
Capital Grants and Contributions Unapplied	39	4,804	3,588	1,329
		<u>12,946</u>	<u>5,293</u>	<u>4,182</u>
<b>Total Usable Reserves</b>		<b><u>27,511</u></b>	<b><u>18,688</u></b>	<b><u>16,573</u></b>
<b>Unusable Reserves</b>				
Financial Instrument Adjustment Account	40	(366)	(455)	(794)
Pensions Reserve	41	(30,181)	(53,790)	(31,432)
Revaluation Reserve	42	9,859	9,907	3,273
Capital Adjustment Account	43	99,319	173,003	167,009
Collection Fund Adjustment Account	44	37	164	217
Deferred Capital Receipts	44	26	32	39
Accumulated Absences Reserve	44	(186)	(184)	(151)
<b>Total Unusable Reserves</b>		<b><u>78,508</u></b>	<b><u>128,677</u></b>	<b><u>138,161</u></b>

Usable Reserves

Earmarked reserves are those set aside for a specific purpose or to support future spending plans. A breakdown of the Council's earmarked reserves is given below.

	Balance as at 31st March 2011 £'000	Movement in Year £'000	Balance as at 31st March 2010 £'000
<u>Revenue Reserves</u>			
Investment Realisation	390	100	290
Election Expenses	97	23	74
Insurance	724	41	683
Leased Vehicles Excess Mileage	9	0	9
Renewal and Repairs	2,492	1	2,491
Business Innovation Centre	(42)	(19)	(23)
Land Charges	51	2	49
Leisure Clothing	15	11	4
CCTV	0	(36)	36
Building Control	(138)	(26)	(112)
Public Service Award	0	(25)	25
Museum Purchases	1	0	1
Training Provision	86	59	27
Community Safety Fund	294	227	67
Restructuring & Pay	594	394	200
Court Costs	1	(79)	80
Changing Focus	203	22	181
Enterprise Scheme	103	(16)	119
Area Based Grant - Climate Change	68	23	45
Rural Conservation Grants	153	(6)	159
Concessionary Fares	209	0	209
Planning Costs	256	(49)	305
VAT reserve	290	200	90
Patrons Members Fund	11	3	8
Planning Enquiry Costs	30	0	30
Unlawful Occupation of Land Fund	6	(4)	10
Archaeology	12	0	12
Place Survey Fund	18	7	11
Fly tipping	30	8	22
Homelessness Fund	228	(28)	256
Business Growth Initiative	722	(255)	977
Car Park Reserve	47	0	47
Growth Point Reserve	124	84	40
EMDA Grant interest	0	(7)	7
Fuel and Energy Reserve	392	198	194
LAA Reserve	154	(21)	175
Refuse Bin Purchase	29	29	0
Mansfield Crematorium	379	16	363
	<b>8,038</b>	<b>877</b>	<b>7,161</b>
<u>Capital Reserves</u>			
LAA Reserve	0	(174)	174
	0	(174)	174
<b>Total Earmarked Reserves</b>	<b>8,038</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>7,335</b>

Investment Realisation - to mitigate any unexpected fluctuations in interest rates between budget and actual.

Insurance - provides for the payment of excesses on any claims against the Council. In addition all costs of the Council's self insurance are met from here.

Renewal and Repairs - all sections of the Council who are responsible for assets contribute to this fund to ensure that planned maintenance is delivered in the future when it is due. For example buildings are redecorated every three years, software is upgraded as necessary. This flattens out the cost to ensure that tax levels do not fluctuate unnecessarily. All available funds are allocated to specific schemes.

Building Control - legislation requires any surplus made from the building control service to be ring fenced.

Restructuring & Pay - to mitigate the impact of the charge to the Council for additional pension contributions. Transfers to and from the reserve are at the discretion of the s151 officer.

Changing Focus - to finance change management and changing focus initiatives.

Enterprise Scheme - to provide grant aid and loans to companies to encourage business set up and growth.

Rural Conservation Grants - grants in respect of renovations to buildings within the rural areas of the district.

Concessionary Fares - to mitigate the impact of the free concessionary travel scheme and to protect against the impact of the transfer of the service to County Council.

Planning Costs - to cover any costs awarded against the Council in respect of planning decisions. It also spreads out the cost of the Local Plan. Included is the Planning Delivery Grant which is received from Central Government for enhancement of planning services.

Homelessness Fund - specific grant received from Central Government for future expenditure on the Homelessness service.

Business Growth Initiative - the amount received under the Local Authorities Business Growth Incentive scheme is fed through into the general fund budget.

Fuel and Energy Reserve - to mitigate against future rises in the cost of fuel and energy prices.

LAA Reserve - created from grant received from Nottinghamshire County Council. Funding will be transferred into the General Fund budget to fund future expenditure.

Mansfield Crematorium - the Council's share of the crematorium's reserves.

Other Usable Reserves

	Balance as at 31st March 2011 £'000	Movement in Year £'000	Balance as at 31st March 2010 £'000
Unapplied Capital Receipts Reserve The monies received from the sale of assets and contributions towards capital expenditure by Central Government and third parties are used to redeem loans raised by the Council to finance new capital expenditure	5,993	5,066	927
Major Repairs Reserve Received as part of Housing Subsidy to maintain housing stock	1,288	1,288	0
Revenue Grants and Contributions Unapplied A grant or contribution which has no conditions attached but against which no expenditure has yet been incurred	861	83	778
Capital Grants and Contributions Unapplied A grant or contribution which has no conditions attached but against which no expenditure has yet been incurred	4,804	1,216	3,588
<b>Total Other Usable Reserves</b>	<b>12,946</b>	<b>7,653</b>	<b>5,293</b>

40 Financial Instrument Adjustment Account

The Financial Instrument Adjustment Account absorbs the timing difference arising from the different arrangements for accounting for income and expenditure relating to certain financial instruments and for bearing losses or benefitting from gains per statutory provision. The Council uses the account to manage premiums paid on the early redemption of loans. Premiums are debited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement when they are incurred but reversed out of the General Fund balance to this account in the Movement in Reserves Statement. Over time the expense is posted back to the General Fund balance in accordance with statutory arrangements for spreading the burden on council tax.

In 2010/2011 £137,999 (£178,617 2009/2010) was charged to the HRA and £3,137 (£30,071 2009/2010) was charged to the General Fund. The impairment of interest receivable from Glitnir bank of £51,784 has also been charged to this account.

41 Pensions Reserve

The Pensions Reserve absorbs the timing differences arising from the different arrangements for accounting for post employment benefits and for funding benefits in accordance with statutory provisions. The Council accounts for post employment benefits in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as the benefits are earned by employees accruing years of service, updating the liabilities recognised to reflect inflation, changing assumptions and investment returns on any resources set aside to meet the costs. However, statutory arrangements require benefits earned to be financed as the Council makes employer's contributions to pension funds or eventually pays any pensions for which it is directly responsible. The debit balance on the reserve therefore shows a substantial shortfall in the benefits earned by past and current employees and the resources the Council has set aside to meet them. The statutory arrangements will ensure that funding will have been set aside by the time the benefits come to be paid.

In 2010/2011 actuarial gains of £17,403k (losses of £22,379k 2009/2010) were charged and net charges of £6,206k (£21k 2009/2010) were reversed.

42 Revaluation Reserve

The Revaluation Reserve contains the gains made by the Council arising from increases in the value of its Property, Plant and Equipment. The balance is reduced when assets with accumulated gains are

- Revalued downwards or impaired and the gains are lost
- Used in the provision of services and the gains are consumed through depreciation, or
- Disposed of and the gains are realised

The reserve contains only revaluation gains accumulated since 1 April 2007, the date the reserve was created. Accumulated gains arising before that date are consolidated into the balance in the Capital Adjustment Account.

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Balance as at 1st April	9,907	3,273	12,488
(Deficit)/Surplus on Revaluation and Restatement of Non Current Assets:			
Newark and Sherwood District Council	4,641	6,713	(9,261)
Joint Arrangement - Mansfield Crematorium	(13)	3	0
Depreciation charge:			
Historical Cost Adjustment	(123)	(82)	46
Revaluation of Disposed Assets	(4,553)	0	0
Balance as at 31st March 2010	9,859	9,907	3,273

Capital Adjustment Account

The Capital Adjustment Account absorbs the timing differences arising from the different arrangements for the consumption of non current assets and for financing the acquisition, construction or enhancement of those assets under statutory provisions. The account is debited with the cost of acquisition, construction or enhancement as depreciation, impairment losses and amortisations are charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. The account is credited with the amounts set aside by the Council as finance for the costs of acquisition, construction and enhancement.

The account contains accumulated gains and losses on Investment Properties and revaluation gains on Property, Plant and Equipment before 1 April 2007, the date the Revaluation Reserve was created to hold such gains.

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Balance as at 1st April	173,003	167,009	223,631
Capital Financing:-			
Capital Receipts applied	716	1,549	42
Capital Provision utilised	88	81	332
Government and Other Grants and Contributions utilised	4,616	1,467	5,667
Use of Major Repairs Allowance	2,022	3,244	3,193
Finance Leases	5	0	(70)
Minimum Revenue Provision	271	287	268
	<u>7,718</u>	<u>6,628</u>	<u>9,432</u>
Capital Charges			
Depreciation Council Dwellings	(2,180)	(3,050)	(3,193)
Depreciation Other HRA Assets	(242)	(210)	(206)
Depreciation General Fund Assets	(681)	(975)	(976)
Impairments Council dwellings	(73,857)	5,754	(53,731)
Impairments Other HRA Assets	42	335	(408)
Impairments General Fund Assets	(1,282)	(1,182)	(5,461)
Revenue expenditure funded from capital	(845)	(992)	(1,547)
Historical Cost Depreciation Adjustment	123	81	(47)
Revaluation of Disposed Assets	4,553	0	0
Revaluation Reserve Write Off	0	0	250
Disposal of Assets	(7,041)	(388)	(555)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(8)	(7)	(180)
Donated Assets	16	0	0
	<u>(81,402)</u>	<u>(634)</u>	<u>(66,054)</u>
Balance as at 31st March	<u>99,319</u>	<u>173,003</u>	<u>167,009</u>



44 Other Unusable Reserves

	Balance as at 31st March 2011 £'000	Movement in Year £'000	Balance as at 31st March 2010 £'000
Collection Fund Adjustment Account Absorbs the timing differences between statutory requirements and full accruals accounting in respect of the collection of Council Tax	37	(127)	164
Deferred Capital Receipts Council house mortgages where disposal of the property has taken place and deferred payments have been agreed	26	(6)	32
Accumulated Absences Reserve Mitigates the impact of the accrual for short term accumulated absences on the General Fund	(186)	(2)	(184)
<b>Total Other Unusable Reserves</b>	<b>(123)</b>	<b>(135)</b>	<b>12</b>

45 Post Balance Sheet Event

There are no post balance sheet events to disclose.

46 Contingent Assets and Liabilities

The Council previously held insurance under Municipal Mutual Insurance which went into administration in 1992. The latest reported position is that a solvent run off of the business is no longer foreseen. In such a situation any future liability could fall upon the Council. The Council will be reviewing its position and putting aside any necessary funds in respect of this.

47 Retirement Benefits

As part of the terms and conditions of employment of its officers and other employees, the authority offers retirement benefits. Although these benefits will not actually be payable until employees retire, the authority has a commitment to make the payments that need to be disclosed at the time that employees earn their future entitlement. The authority participates in the Local Government Pension Scheme, administered by Nottinghamshire County Council. This is a funded defined benefit final salary scheme, meaning the authority and employees pay contributions into a fund, calculated at a level intended to balance the pensions liabilities with investment assets.

The cost of retirement benefits is recognised in the (Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations when they are earned by employees rather than when the benefits are eventually paid as pensions. However, the charge we are required to make against the council tax is based on the cash payable in the year, so the real cost of retirement benefit is reversed out of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement after the (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services.

These transactions are as follows:-

	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000
<b>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>		
<u>(Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations</u>		
Current service cost	2,611	872
Past service costs	(7,670)	0
Losses on curtailment	172	257
<u>(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services</u>		
Interest cost	5,078	4,534
Expected return on scheme assets	(3,394)	(2,397)
<b>Net Charge to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>	<b>(3,203)</b>	<b>3,266</b>
<b>Movement in Reserves Statement</b>		
Reversal of net charges made for retirement benefits	6,206	21
<b>Actual amount charged against the General Fund Balance</b>		
Employers' contributions payable to scheme	3,003	3,287

In addition to the recognised gains and losses included in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, actuarial gains and losses of £17,403,000 (£22,379,000 2009/2010) were included under Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

#### Past Service Gain

In the UK Budget Statement on 22<sup>nd</sup> June 2010 the Chancellor announced that with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April 2011 public service pension would be up-rated in line with the Consumer Price Index (CPI) rather than the Retail Price Index (RPI). This has the effect of reducing Newark and Sherwood District Council's liabilities in Nottinghamshire Pension Fund by £7,670,000 which has been recognised as a past service gain in accordance with guidance set down in UITF Abstract 48, since the charge is considered to be a change in benefit entitlement. There is no impact on the General Fund or Housing Revenue Account.

#### Assets and liabilities in relation to retirement benefits

Reconciliation of present value of the scheme liabilities:

	Year to 31st March 2011	Year to 31st March 2010
1st April	103,708	68,772
Current service cost	2,611	872
Interest cost	5,078	4,534
Contributions by scheme participants	657	676
Actuarial losses (gains)	(17,298)	32,388
Past service cost	(7,670)	0
Losses (gains) on curtailment	172	257
Benefits paid	(3,460)	(3,605)
Unfunded pension payments	(185)	(186)
31st March	<u>83,613</u>	<u>103,708</u>

Reconciliation of fair value of the scheme assets:

	Year to 31st March 2011	Year to 31st March 2010
1st April	49,918	37,340
Expected rate of return	3,394	2,397
Actuarial gains (losses)	105	10,009
Employer contributions	3,003	3,287
Contributions by scheme participants	657	676
Benefits paid	(3,645)	(3,791)
31st March	53,432	49,918

The expected return on scheme assets is determined by considering the expected returns on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the Balance Sheet date. Expected returns on equity investments reflect long term real rates of return experienced in the respective markets.

The actual return on scheme assets in the year was £3,960,000 (2009/2010 £12,406,000). The fall in the actual return is mainly due to the drop in return on UK equities at the start of the 2010/2011 financial year.

### Scheme History

Assets	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000	2008/2009 £'000	2007/2008 £'000	2006/2007 £'000
Present value of liabilities	(83,613)	(103,708)	(68,772)	(80,613)	(74,835)
Fair value of assets	53,432	49,918	37,340	45,082	46,749
Surplus/(deficit)	(30,181)	(53,790)	(31,432)	(35,531)	(28,086)

The liabilities show the underlying commitments the authority has in the long run to pay retirement benefits. The total liability has a substantial impact on the net worth of the authority as recorded in the Balance Sheet, resulting in negative overall balance of £30,181,000.

However, statutory arrangements for funding the deficit mean the financial position of the authority remains healthy; the deficit will be made good by increased contributions over the remaining working life of employees, as assessed by the scheme actuary.

The total contributions expected to be made to the scheme by the Council in the year to 31 March 2012 is £2,048,000.

### History of experience on gains and losses

The actuarial gains identified as movements on the Pensions Reserve in 2010/2011 can be analysed into the following categories, measure as a percentage of assets or liabilities at 31 March 2011.

Net Pension Asset as at:	2010/2011 %	2009/2010 %	2008/2009 %	2007/2008 %
Differences between the expected and actual return on assets	0.2%	20.1%	(30.5%)	(12.6%)
Experience gains and losses on liabilities	0.7%	0.2%	0.0%	0.77%

## Basis for estimating assets and liabilities

Liabilities have been assessed on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method, an estimate of the pensions that will be payable in future years dependent on assumptions about mortality rates, salary levels etc. The scheme liabilities have been assessed by Barnett Waddingham LLP, an independent firm of actuaries, the estimates for the County Council Fund being based on the latest full valuation of the scheme as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2011.

The principal assumptions used by the actuary have been:

	31st March 2011	31st March 2010
<u>Long term expected rate of return in assets in the scheme</u>		
Equity investments	7.3%	7.4%
Bonds	5.5%	5.5%
Gilts	4.4%	4.5%
Property	6.8%	6.9%
Cash	3.0%	3.0%
<u>Mortality assumptions</u>		
Longevity at 65 for current pensioners		
Men	18.50	20.30
Women	22.60	23.91
Longevity at 65 for future pensioners		
Men	20.50	21.22
Women	24.50	24.91
Rate of inflation - Retail Price Index	3.5%	3.9%
Rate of inflation - Consumer Price Index	2.7%	n/a
Rate of increase in salaries	5.0%	5.4%
Rate of increase in pensions	2.7%	3.9%
Rate for discounting scheme liabilities	5.5%	5.5%
Take up of option to convert annual pension into retirement lump sum	50%	50%

The Pension Scheme's assets consist of the following categories, by proportion of the total assets held.

	31st March 2011	31st March 2010
	%	%
Equity Investment	73.0	68.0
Property	12.0	15.0
Gilts	7.0	9.0
Other	8.0	8.0
	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>

## 48 Financial Instruments – Risk and Risk Management

### Disclosure of nature and extent of Risk arising from Financial Instruments

The Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, the key risks being:

- Credit risk – the possibility that other parties might fail to pay amounts due to the Council
- Liquidity risk – the possibility that the Council might not have funds available to meet its commitments to make payments
- Re-financing risk – the possibility that the Council might be requiring to renew a financial instrument on maturity at disadvantageous interest rates or terms
- Market risk – the possibility that financial loss might arise for the Council as a result of changes in such measures as interest rate movements

## Overall Procedures for Managing Risk

The Council's overall risk management procedures focus on the unpredictability of financial markets, and implementing restrictions to minimise these risks. The procedures for risk management are set out through a legal framework in the Local Government Act 2003 and the associated regulations. These require the Council to comply with the CIPFA Prudential Code, the CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services Code of Practice and Investment Guidance issued through the Act. Overall these procedures require the Council to manage risk in the following ways:

- by formally adopting the requirements of the Code of Practice
- by the adoption of a Treasury Policy Statement and treasury management clauses within the Council's constitution
- by approving annually in advance prudential indicators for the following three years limiting
  - the Council's overall borrowing
  - its maximum and minimum exposures to fixed and variable interest rates
  - its maximum and minimum exposures for the maturity structure of its debt
  - its maximum annual exposures to investments maturing beyond a year
- by approving an investment strategy for the forthcoming year setting out its criteria for both investing and selecting investment counterparties in compliance with the government guidance

These are required to be reported and approved at or before the Council's Council Tax setting budget. These items are reported with the annual treasury management strategy which outlines the detailed approach to managing risk in relation to the Council's financial instrument exposure. Actual performance is also reported annually to members.

The annual treasury management strategy which incorporates the prudential indicators was approved by Council on 10<sup>th</sup> March 2010 and is available on the Council website. The key issues within the strategy were:

- the authorised limit for 2010/2011 was set at £85.6m. This is the maximum limit of external borrowings or other long term liabilities
- the operational boundary was expected to be £77.8m. This is the expected level of debt and other long term liabilities during the year
- the maximum amounts of fixed and variable interest rate exposure were set at £86m and £22m based on the Council's debt
- the maximum and minimum exposures to the maturity of debt are shown in the refinancing and maturity risk section of this note

These policies are implemented by the Council's treasury team. The Council maintains written procedures for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas such as interest rate risk, credit risk and the investment of surplus cash through Treasury Management Practices (TMPs). These TMPs are a requirement of the Code of Practice and are reviewed regularly.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to the Council's customers.

This risk is minimised through the Annual Investment Strategy, which requires that deposits are not made with financial institutions unless they meet identified minimum credit criteria, in accordance with the Fitch, Moody's and Standard & Poors Credit Rating Services. The Annual Investment Strategy also imposes a maximum amount and time to be invested with a financial institution located within each category. Deposits are not made with banks and financial institutions unless they meet the minimum requirements of the investment criteria outlined above. Additional selection criteria are also applied after this initial criterion is applied. The key areas of the Investment Strategy are that the minimum criteria for investment counterparties include:

- Credit Ratings of Short Term of F1, Long Term A-, Support C and individual 3 (Fitch or equivalent rating) with the lowest available rating being applied to the criteria
- UK Institutions provided with support from the UK Government
- The Council's own bank if it falls below the criteria above
- 'AAA' rated Money Market Funds

The full Investment Strategy for 2010/2011 was approved by Full Council on 10<sup>th</sup> March 2010 and is available on the Council's website.

The following analysis summarises the authority's potential maximum exposure to credit risk. The table gives details of global corporate finance average cumulative default rates (including financial organisations) for the period since at least 1990 to 2010. Defaults shown are by long term rating category on investment out to 1 year which are the most commonly held investments.

	Amount at 31st March 2011 £'000	Historical Experience of Default %	Adjustment for Market at 31st March 2010 %	Estimated Maximum Exposure to Default £'000
<b>Deposits with banks and financial institutions</b>				
AAA rated counterparties	20	0.00	0.00	0
AA rated counterparties	2,320	0.03	0.03	1
A rated counterparties	0	0.08	0.08	0
Other counterparties	2,000	In default		2,000
Trade Debtors	592	2.35	2.35	14
	<u>4,932</u>			<u>2,015</u>

In October 2008 the Icelandic banking sector defaulted on its obligations. The Council had £2m invested in Glitnir at that time. In accordance with accounting practice the Council has been notified of objective evidence that impairment has occurred and the investments have been impaired according to accounting requirements. This has resulted in an impairment of £82k being accounted for in line with CIPFA's Local Authority Accounting Practice Bulletin 82. The impact on the principal invested has been mitigated in the accounts according to government regulations. All related investment income has been fully impaired, however, the expected return of amounts due up until the bank failure date is 100% provided that the Council's status as a preferential creditor is confirmed. If this status is not upheld by the Icelandic courts then the impairment loss is likely to be considerably greater than that stated.

Whilst the current credit crisis in international markets has raised the overall possibility of default the Council maintains strict credit criteria for investment counterparties.

The Council also uses non credit rated institutions (for instance smaller building societies of bank subsidiaries where the parent has a satisfactory rating). In these circumstances these investments have been classified as other counterparties.

100% of the Council's investments are in institutions domiciled in the UK.

The Council does not generally allow credit to its trade debtors, such that £413k of the £592k balance is past its due date for payment. The past due amount can be analysed by age as follows:

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000	1st April 2009 £'000
<b>Debtor Analysis</b>			
Up to 30 days	96	96	94
31 to 60 days	54	143	67
61 to 90 days	107	10	152
Greater than 90 days	156	210	180
	<u>413</u>	<u>459</u>	<u>493</u>

Collateral – During the reporting period the Council held no collateral as security.

## Liquidity Risk

The Council manages its liquidity position through the risk management procedures above (the setting and approval of prudential indicators and the approval of the treasury and investment strategy reports), as well as through a comprehensive cash flow management system, as required by the Code of Practice. This seeks to ensure that cash is available when it is needed.

The Council has ready access to borrowings from the Money Market to cover any day to day cash flow need, and whilst the PWLB provides access to longer term funds, it also acts as a lender of last resort to councils (although it will not provide funding to a council whose actions are unlawful). The Council is also required to provide a balanced budget through the Local Government Finance Act 1992, which ensures sufficient monies are raised to cover annual expenditure. There is, therefore, no significant risk that it will be unable to raise finance to meet its commitments under financial instruments.

The maturity of financial assets is as follows:

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000	1st April 2009 £'000
Maturing within one year	4,083	11,369	19,708
Maturing in 1 - 2 years	25	12	33
Maturing in more than 2 years	101	152	112
	<u>4,209</u>	<u>11,533</u>	<u>19,853</u>

All other current assets and current liabilities are not shown in the table above.

## Re-financing and Maturity Risk

The Council maintains a significant debt and investment portfolio. Whilst the cash flow procedures above are considered against the refinancing risk procedures, longer term risk to the Council relates to managing the exposure to replacing financial instruments as they mature. This risk relates to both the maturing of longer term financial liabilities and longer term financial assets.

The approved prudential indicator limits for the maturity structure of debt and the limits placed on investments placed for greater than one year in duration are the key parameters used to address this risk. The Council approved treasury and investment strategies address the main risks and the treasury team address the operational risks within the approved parameters. This includes:

- monitoring the maturity profile of financial liabilities and amending the profile through either new borrowing or the rescheduling of the existing debt: and
- monitoring the maturity profile of investments to ensure sufficient liquidity is available for the Council's day to day cash flow needs and the spread of longer term investments provide stability of maturities and returns in relation to the longer term cash flow needs

The maturity analysis of financial liabilities is as follows, with the maximum and minimum limits for fixed interest rates maturing in each period.

	Approved Maximum Limits	Approved Minimum Limits	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000
Maturing within one year	50%	0%	6,484	7,186
Maturing in 1 - 2 years	100%	0%	530	3,528
Maturing in 2 - 5 years	100%	0%	9,095	7,595
Maturing in 5 - 10 years	100%	0%	6,170	7,120
Maturing in more than 10 years	100%	0%	42,452	43,534
			<u>64,731</u>	<u>68,963</u>

## Market Risk

**Interest Rate Risk** – The Council is exposed to interest rate movements on its borrowings and investments. Movements in interest rates have a complex impact on the Council, depending on how variable and fixed interest rates move across differing financial instrument periods. For instance, a rise in variable and fixed interest rates would have the following effects:

- borrowings at variable rates – the interest expense charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement will rise
- borrowings at fixed rates – the fair value of the borrowing will fall
- investments at variable rates – the interest income credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement will rise
- investments at fixed rates – the fair value of the assets will fall

Borrowings are not carried at fair value on the Balance Sheet, so nominal gains and losses on fixed rate borrowings would not impact on the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. However, changes in interest payable and receivable on variable rate borrowings and investments will be posted to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and affect the General Fund Balance, subject to influences from Government grants. Movements in the fair value of fixed rate investments will be reflected in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, unless the investments have been designated as Fair Value through the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, in which case gains and losses will be posted to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

The Council has a number of strategies for managing interest rate risk. The Annual Treasury Management Strategy draws together the Council's prudential indicators and its expected treasury operations, including an expectation of interest rate movements. From this Strategy a prudential indicator is set which provides maximum limits for fixed and variable interest rate exposure. The treasury team will monitor market and forecast interest rates within the year to adjust exposures appropriately. For instance during periods of falling interest rates, and where economic circumstances make it favourable, fixed rate investments may be taken for longer periods to secure better long term returns, similarly the drawing of longer term fixed rates borrowing would be postponed.

The risk of interest rate loss is partially mitigated by Government grant payable on financing costs in relation to Housing Revenue Account debt.

All Council borrowings are at a fixed rate of interest.

**Price risk** - The Council does not invest in equity shares.

**Foreign exchange risk** - The Council has no financial assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. It therefore has no exposure to loss arising from movements in exchange rates.



The borrowings and investments disclosed in the balance sheet are made up of the following categories of financial instruments:

	Long Term		Current	
	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Financial Liabilities (Principal)	58,248	61,775	6,484	7,187
Accounting adjustments	0	0	0	0
Financial Liabilities at amortised cost	58,248	61,775	6,484	7,187
Financial Liabilities at fair value	0	0	705	721
<b>Total Borrowings</b>	<b>58,248</b>	<b>61,775</b>	<b>7,189</b>	<b>7,908</b>
Loans and Receivables (Principal)	10	10	2,252	2,328
Accounting adjustments	0	0	(265)	(265)
Loans and Receivables at amortised cost	10	10	1,987	2,063
Loans and Receivables at fair value	0	0	172	112
Total Loans and Receivables	10	10	2,159	2,175
Cash Equivalents (Principal)	0	0	2,340	9,625
Accounting adjustments	0	0	0	0
Loans and Receivables at amortised cost	0	0	2,340	9,625
Loans and Receivables at fair value	0	0	1	4
Total Cash Equivalents	0	0	2,341	9,629
<b>Total Investments</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>11,804</b>

Under accounting requirements the carrying value of the financial instrument value is shown in the balance sheet which includes the principal amount borrowed or lent and further adjustments for breakage costs or stepped interest loans (measured by an effective interest rate calculation) including accrued interest. Accrued interest is shown separately in current assets/liabilities where the payments/receipts are due within one year. The effective interest rate is effectively accrued interest receivable under the instrument, adjusted for the amortisation of any premiums or discounts reflected in the purchase price.

Fair value has been measured by

- Direct reference to published price quotations in an active market and/or
- Estimating using a valuation technique

The gains and losses recognised in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement in relation to financial instruments are made up as follows:

	Financial Liabilities		Financial Assets	
	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000	2010/2011 £'000	2009/2010 £'000
Interest expense	3,623	3,740	0	0
Loss on derecognition	0	0	0	0
Impairment losses	0	0	0	0
<b>Interest Payable and Similar Charges</b>	<b>3,623</b>	<b>3,740</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Interest income	0	0	(220)	(488)
Gains on derecognition	0	0	0	0
<b>Interest and Investment Income</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(220)</b>	<b>(488)</b>
Gains on revaluation	0	0	0	0
Losses on revaluation	0	0	0	0
Amounts recycled to I&E after impairment	0	0	0	0
Surplus arising on revaluation	0	0	0	0
<b>Net Gain/(Loss) for the year</b>	<b>3,623</b>	<b>3,740</b>	<b>(220)</b>	<b>(488)</b>

The Council holds investments in Loans and Receivables. It holds no investments in Available for Sale Assets nor Assets held at Fair value through the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

#### 51 Financial instruments – Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities carried at Amortised Cost

Financial liabilities and financial assets represented by loans and receivables are carried on the Balance Sheet at amortised cost (in long term assets/liabilities with accrued interest in current assets/liabilities). Their fair value can be assessed by calculating the present value of the cash flows that take place over the remaining life of the instruments, using the following assumptions:

- For loans from the PWLB and other loans payable, premature repayment rates from the PWLB have been applied to provide the fair value under PWLB debt redemption procedures
- For loans receivable prevailing benchmark market rates have been used to provide the fair value
- No early repayment or impairment is recognised
- Where an instrument has a maturity of less than 12 months or is a trade or other receivable the fair value is taken to be the carrying amount or the billed amount
- The fair value of trade and other receivables is taken to be the invoiced or billed amount.

The fair values calculated are as follows:

	31st March 2011 £'000 Carrying Amount	31st March 2011 £'000 Fair value	31st March 2010 £'000 Carrying Amount Restated	31st March 2010 £'000 Fair value Restated
Public Works Loans Board	49,194	56,486	53,723	66,594
Non PWLB debt	16,243	14,260	15,961	12,762
<b>Total Debt</b>	<b>65,437</b>	<b>70,746</b>	<b>69,684</b>	<b>79,356</b>
Trade Creditors	3,299	3,299	4,639	4,639
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>68,736</b>	<b>74,045</b>	<b>74,323</b>	<b>83,995</b>
Government Stock	10	10	10	10
Mansfield Crematorium	252	252	328	328
Loans and receivables greater than one year	0	0	0	0
Loans and receivables less than one year	4,074	4,074	11,359	11,359
Loans and receivables (principal amount)	4,336	4,336	11,697	11,697
Accrued Interest	173	173	117	117
<b>Total Investments</b>	<b>4,509</b>	<b>4,509</b>	<b>11,814</b>	<b>11,814</b>
Trade Debtors	592	592	683	683
<b>Total Loans and Receivables</b>	<b>5,101</b>	<b>5,101</b>	<b>12,497</b>	<b>12,497</b>

The fair values for financial liabilities have been determined by reference to the Public Works Loans Board (PWLB) redemption rules and prevailing PWLB redemption rates as at each balance sheet date, and include accrued interest. The fair values for non-PWLB debt have also been calculated using the same procedures and interest rates and this provides a sound approximation for fair value for these instruments.

The fair values for loans and receivables have been determined by reference to the Public Works Loans Board (PWLB) redemption rules which provide a good approximation for the fair value of a financial instrument, and includes accrued interest. The comparator market rates prevailing have been taken from indicative investment rates at each balance sheet date. In practice rates will be determined by the size of the transaction and the counterparty, but it is impractical to use these figures, and the difference is likely to be immaterial.

Reconciliation of (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services to Operating Activities Net Cash Flow

	2010/2011		2009/2010	
	£'000	£'000	£'000 <i>Restated</i>	£'000 <i>Restated</i>
<u>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</u>				
(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services		63,377		(8,294)
<u>Non Cash Transactions</u>				
Net Movement on Pensions	6,206		21	
Capital Accounting entries	(85,077)		8,233	
Developers Contributions	<u>(83)</u>	<u>(78,954)</u>	<u>599</u>	<u>8,853</u>
<u>Items on an Accruals Basis</u>				
Increase/(Decrease) in Stock	12		(9)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Debtors	6,668		948	
(Increase)/Decrease in Creditors	2,129		847	
(Increase)/Decrease in Capital Receipts in Advance	3,758		(4,788)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Debtors	(38)		(14)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Assets Held for Sale	<u>(50)</u>	<u>12,479</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(3,016)</u>
<u>Items Classified elsewhere in the Cash Flow</u>				
Net Movement on Agency Payments	(2,031)		(779)	
Net Movement on Financial Instruments Interest	<u>15</u>	<u>(2,016)</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>(731)</u>
		<u>(5,114)</u>		<u>(3,188)</u>

## HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT

The HRA Income and Expenditure Statement shows the economic cost in the year of providing housing services in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, rather than the amount to be funded from rents and government grants. Authorities charge rents to cover expenditure in accordance with regulations; this may be different from the accounting cost. The increase or decrease in the year, on the basis on which rents are raised, is shown in the Movement on the Housing Revenue Account Statement.

<b><u>Newark and Sherwood District Council</u></b>	Note	Year Ended 31st March 2011 £'000	Year Ended 31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
<b><u>Housing Revenue Account for 2010/2011</u></b>			
<b><u>Income</u></b>			
Dwelling Rent		16,201	15,816
Garages		195	207
Shops		38	26
Gross Rental Income		16,434	16,049
Charges for Services and Facilities		403	403
Contributions towards Expenditure	H10	41	75
Government Subsidies	H8	437	460
Other Income		431	292
		17,746	17,279
<b><u>Expenditure</u></b>			
Supervision and Management		4,050	3,627
Repairs and Maintenance		4,129	4,627
Rents, Rates, Taxes and Other Charges		1	2
Government Subsidy Payable	H8	2,432	2,145
Depreciation of non current assets	H6		
On dwellings		2,180	3,050
On other assets		243	210
Impairment of non current assets			
On dwellings	H7	73,857	(5,756)
On other assets	H7	(42)	(333)
Debt Management Expenses		64	61
		86,914	7,633
<b>Net Cost of HRA Services as included in the whole authority Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>		69,168	(9,646)
(Gain)/Loss on sale of HRA non current assets		1,278	19
Interest Payable and Similar Charges		3,113	3,140
HRA Interest and Investment Income		(16)	(43)
Government Grants		0	(308)
Newark and Sherwood Homes Efficiency Gain prior year repaid	H11	1,947	1,759
Newark and Sherwood Homes Efficiency Gain Current Year	H11	(2,104)	(1,947)
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit for the year on HRA Services</b>		<b>73,386</b>	<b>(7,026)</b>

**MOVEMENT ON THE HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT STATEMENT**

	2010/2011		2009/2010	
	£'000	£'000	£'000 <i>Restated</i>	£'000 <i>Restated</i>
<b>HRA Balance brought forward</b>		<b>3,849</b>		<b>3,697</b>
Surplus/(Deficit) on the HRA Income and Expenditure Statement		(73,386)		7,026
Adjustments between Accounting Basis and Funding Basis under Regulations				
Difference between Interest Payable and Similar Charges including amortisation of premiums and discounts	(137)		(178)	
(Gain)/Loss on sale of HRA non current assets	1,278		19	
Contribution to Capital	(17)		0	
HRA share of contribution (to)/from the Pensions Reserve	(308)		(334)	
Transfer to/from the Major Repairs Reserve	(887)	(71)	16	(477)
Net Increase/decrease before transfers to or from reserves		(73,457)		6,549
Transfer (to)/from Capital Adjustment Account	<u>73,815</u>	73,815	<u>(6,397)</u>	(6,397)
Increase or decrease in year in the HRA		358		152
<b>HRA Balance carried forward</b>		<b><u>4,207</u></b>		<b><u>3,849</u></b>

## NEWARK AND SHERWOOD DISTRICT COUNCIL

### HOUSING REVENUE ACCOUNT NOTES FOR THE YEAR 2010/2011

#### H1 Housing Stock

The Council was responsible for managing an average of 5,452 dwellings during 2010/2011 (5,431 2009/2010). The stock was made up as follows:

	Pre 1945	1945-1964	1965-1974	1974+	Total 2010/2011	Total 2009/2010
Traditional/Non Traditional Houses & Bungalows						
1-2 Bedrooms	72	791	499	514	1,876	1,816
3+ Bedrooms	415	1,269	292	160	2,136	2,139
Flats						
Low Rise (1-2 Storeys)	21	711	412	226	1,370	1,002
Medium Rise (3-5 Storeys)	1	4	31	34	70	474
	<u>509</u>	<u>2,775</u>	<u>1,234</u>	<u>934</u>	<u>5,452</u>	<u>5,431</u>

#### H2 Housing Revenue Account Assets

The total Balance Sheet valuations of land, houses and other property within the HRA are as follows:-

<u>HRA Assets Existing Use - Open Market Value</u>	<i>Balance as at 1st April 2010 £'000 Restated</i>	<i>Balance as at 31st March 2011 £'000</i>
Dwellings	221,301	148,192
Other Land and Buildings	8,323	5,511
Investment Properties	1,427	1,425
Community Assets	275	250
Assets Under Construction	554	703
Vehicle, Plant and Equipment	314	235
Total	<u>232,194</u>	<u>156,316</u>

The vacant possession value of dwellings within the authority's HRA (values in accordance with the guidance) is shown below. The difference between the vacant possession value and the Balance Sheet value of dwellings within the HRA show the economic cost to the government of providing council housing at less than market rents.

	<i>Balance as at 1st April 2010 £'000</i>	<i>Balance as at 31st March 2011 £'000</i>
Houses	236,532	231,496
OAP Dwellings	206,069	204,362
Total	<u>442,601</u>	<u>435,858</u>

The council dwellings valuations have been arrived at using a valuation report prepared by a qualified valuer (D.J. Bingham of Herbert Button) who was instructed by the Council's valuer. The valuation was carried out as at the 31 March 2011. They have been applied to council houses on a beacon property base whereby similar properties in similar areas are all given the same value. Property valuations have moved in line with the current domestic property market.

H3 Movements on the Major Repairs Reserve

As part of the HRA Subsidy calculations the Council receives resources to maintain the value of its housing stock. This is known as the Major Repairs Allowance (MRA) and is available to fund capital expenditure on HRA assets. Following provision for depreciation, a sum not less than the MRA must be transferred to the Major Repairs Reserve (MRR) to offset capital expenditure charged to the account. Unspent MRA funds may be carried over from one year to the next.

For 2010/2011 MRA reserves were partially used, with an adjusting transfer to HRA to reflect the excess of depreciation over the MRA.

	£'000
Balance Brought Forward 1st April 2010	0
Transfers to Reserve re Depreciation 2010/2011:	
Dwellings	2,180
Non Dwellings	243
Transfers to the HRA 2010/2011	
Excess of Depreciation	887
Amounts used to finance Capital Expenditure	<u>(2,022)</u>
Balance Carried Forward 31st March 2011	<u>1,288</u>

H4 Capital Expenditure and Financing

	2010/2011 £'000
Decent Homes	68
Structural Maintenance	621
Community Security and Safety	137
Disabled Facilities Provision	488
Heating Systems Renewals	190
Pre Paint	408
Environmental Works	150
Affordable Housing	2,792
Other Works	<u>337</u>
	<u>5,191</u>
<u>Financing</u>	
Internal Borrowing	1,325
Government Grants	1,497
Contributions	324
Major Repairs Reserve	2,022
Capital Provision	<u>23</u>
	<u>5,191</u>



H5 Capital Receipts

	2010/2011 £'000
Land	0
Sold Council Houses	367
Less admin costs (sale of Council Houses)	(11)
Repaid Discounts	17
Principal Mortgage Repayments	6
Sub total	<u>379</u>
Less paid to the Government 'pool'	(260)
	<u>119</u>

Under the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 as amended, the Council has to reserve 75% of council house sales receipts and 50% of other housing receipts. Reserved capital receipts are paid over to the Government as part of the 'pooling' regulations.

H6 Depreciation Charges

The total charges for depreciation for land, houses and other property within the authority's HRA are as follows:

	2010/2011 £'000
Dwellings	2,180
Land and Buildings	243
	<u>2,423</u>

H7 Impairment Charges

Impairment charges for the financial year in respect of land, houses or other property within the authority's HRA are shown in the table below.

<u>HRA Assets Impairment Charges</u>	Charges 2010/2011 £'000
Dwellings:	
Impairment Gain	0
Impairment Loss	73,857
Other Land and Buildings	
Impairment Gain	(144)
Impairment Loss	102
Total	<u>73,815</u>

H8 HRA Subsidy Payable for the Authority

	2010/2011 £'000
Management and Maintenance	7,551
Major Repairs Allowance	3,310
Charges for Capital	3,582
Admissible Allowance	0
Interest on Receipts	(2)
Guideline Rent Income	(16,436)
Total HRA Subsidy (Due to CLG)	(1,995)
Less rental constraint allowance	(437)
Net subsidy payable to CLG	(2,432)

H9 Rent Arrears

The total amount of rent arrears as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2011 was £312,121 (2009/2010 £352,825). Included in the doubtful debt provision is the amount of £119,631 relating to rent arrears.

H10 Contributions towards Expenditure

The income of £40,935 (£74,502 in 2009/2010) relates to contributions to the Housing Revenue Account from the General Fund for the upkeep of communal amenities.

H11 Arms Length Management

The Housing Revenue Account includes a £7.65m management fee paid to Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd (2009/2010 £7.58m) to manage the housing stock owned by the Council, under arms length arrangements. This management agreement came into effect on 1st November 2004.

In line with the management agreement Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd has to pay to the Council an amount known as the Efficiency gain which for 2010/11 amounted to £2,104,000 (2009/10 £1,947,000). This is calculated from NSH's 2010/2011 final account surplus after tax. This amount is then advanced back to NSH by the Council on the 1<sup>st</sup> April 2011.

**COLLECTION FUND INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT**

The Collection Fund is an agent's statement that reflects the statutory obligation for billing authorities to maintain a separate Collection Fund. The statement shows the transactions of the billing authority in relation to the collection from taxpayers and distribution to local authorities and the Government of council tax and non domestic rates.

<b><u>Newark and Sherwood District Council</u></b>	Note	2010/2011	2009/2010
<b><u>Collection Fund Account for 2010/2011</u></b>		£'000	£'000
<b><u>Income</u></b>			
Income from Business Ratepayers	C2	27,154	30,534
Council Tax	C3	56,173	55,988
Transfers from General Fund			
Council Tax Benefits		8,223	8,056
Transitional Relief		0	0
		<u>91,550</u>	<u>94,578</u>
<b><u>Expenditure</u></b>			
<b>Precepts and Demands</b>			
Nottinghamshire County Council		46,418	46,049
Nottinghamshire Police Authority		6,229	5,898
Nottinghamshire Fire Authority		2,711	2,614
Newark and Sherwood District Council		6,423	6,309
Parishes		2,435	2,335
		<u>64,216</u>	<u>63,205</u>
<b>Business Rates</b>			
Payment to National Pool		26,814	30,061
Costs of Collection		156	158
Interest Payments on Refunds		107	41
Provision for Uncollectable Debts		428	594
<b>Contributions</b>			
Surplus returned to Council Taxpayers		661	770
Surplus returned to Newark and Sherwood District Council		105	125
		<u>92,487</u>	<u>94,954</u>
Net Surplus/(Deficit) for year		(937)	(376)
Fund Balance as at 1st April - Surplus		<u>1,194</u>	<u>1,570</u>
Fund Balance as at 31st March - Surplus		<u>257</u>	<u>1,194</u>

## NEWARK AND SHERWOOD DISTRICT COUNCIL

### COLLECTION FUND NOTES FOR THE YEAR 2010/2011

#### C1 Accounting Policies

- (a) Revenue Support Grant and amounts distributed from the NDR national pool are paid directly to all billing and precepting authorities and will be included within Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income on the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.
- (b) Parish precepts are paid from the General Fund of billing authorities and will be included within Other Operating Expenditure on the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.
- (c) The year-end surplus of £256,758.70 on the Collection Fund is distributed between billing and precepting authorities on the basis of estimates, made on 15 January, of the year-end balance.

#### C2 Income from Business Rates

Under the arrangements regarding Uniform Business Rates, the Council collects non domestic rates for its area which are based on local rateable values multiplied by a uniform rate which for 2010/2011 was 41.4p (2009/2010 48.5p). Small Business Rate Relief reduces the multiplier to 40.7p where it applies. The total amount, less certain reliefs and other deductions, is paid to a central pool (the NDR pool) managed by Central Government, which in turn pays back to authorities General Funds their share of the pool based on a standard amount per head of the local population.

The non-domestic rateable value at the 31st March 2011 was £80,012,693 (31st March 2010 £72,097,770).

#### C3 Council Tax

Council Tax is set by calculating the Council Tax base, and then dividing this into the precepts levied by the district, county, parish councils, Nottinghamshire Fire Authority and Nottinghamshire Police Authority. The tax base is the amount that setting a Council Tax of £1 for Band D properties (the standard band) would raise in revenue. The methodology and the factors taken into consideration are complex and are reported in detail when the tax base is set by the Council in December or January.

The Council Tax base for 2010/2011 is as follows:

Band	Total Dwellings	Adjusted for Discounts, Disabled Relief and Exemptions	Band D Equivalents	2010/2011 Adjusted for Non Collection	2009/2010
A	21,684.00	10,298.00	12,415.70	12,292.25	12,163.28
B	7,699.00	2,991.00	5,303.00	5,249.97	5,202.85
C	8,116.00	2,651.00	6,506.80	6,441.73	6,404.06
D	5,476.00	1,396.00	5,067.20	5,016.53	5,000.24
E	3,820.00	788.00	4,360.50	4,316.89	4,285.71
F	2,429.00	439.00	3,323.00	3,289.77	3,273.78
G	1,346.00	234.00	2,107.80	2,086.72	2,058.01
H	125.00	32.00	210.90	208.79	205.33
Total	50,695.00	18,829.00	39,294.90	38,902.65	38,593.26

## **NEWARK AND SHERWOOD DISTRICT COUNCIL GROUP CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS**

### **INTRODUCTION**

The authority is required under the Local Government Act 2003 to produce a set of Group accounts where it has subsidiaries, joint ventures or associates. The criteria for deciding if the authority has such relationships is laid down by the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2010/11 Based on International Financial Reporting Standards (referred to within these accounts as “the Code”). The Code has been developed to bring authority accounts in line with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) which other reporting bodies have to comply with and to assist users of the accounts to understand better the authority’s overall financial position.

The authority has undertaken a review of all its relationships with other bodies and is required to consolidate its accounts with Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd (NSH), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of the authority, using the merger method. NSH manages the housing stock owned by the Council, under an arms length arrangement. The Housing Revenue Account includes a management fee paid to NSH to manage the stock owned by the Council under arms length arrangements. This management agreement came into effect on 1 November 2004.

Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd produce a set of company accounts with a year end of 31 March. The accounts for 2010/2011, which have been consolidated here, have been audited by NSH’s auditors and have been given an unqualified audit. Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd publish an Annual Report which may be viewed at their offices at Kelham Hall, Kelham, Newark on Trent, Notts, NG23 5QX. The company is limited by guarantee and does not have any share capital.

### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The following notes detail any variations from the accounting policies used by the authority and should be read in conjunction with the relevant notes within the authority’s accounts. The consolidation has been done on a merger basis as NSH is 100% owned by NSDC.

#### **Taxation**

NSH is subject to a charge for taxation which is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Except where otherwise required full provision is made without discounting in respect of all timing differences which have arisen but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except as otherwise required by IAS 12.

**GROUP MOVEMENT IN RESERVES STATEMENT**

<b><u>Newark and Sherwood District Council Group Accounts</u></b>	General	Earmarked	Housing	Major	Grants &	Capital	Total	Unusable	Total
<b><u>Movement in Reserves Statement for the year 2010/2011</u></b>	Fund	GF	Revenue	Repairs	Contributions	Receipts	Usable	Reserves	Authority
	Balance	Reserves	Account	Reserve	Unapplied	Reserve	Reserves	£'000	Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>Balance at 31 March 2010</b>	<b>2,211</b>	<b>7,335</b>	<b>3,849</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,366</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>18,688</b>	<b>122,084</b>	<b>140,772</b>
<b>Movement in Reserve during 2010/2011</b>									
Surplus/(Deficit) on Provision of Services	10,009		(73,386)				(63,377)		(63,377)
Other Comprehensive Expenditure and Income							0	25,675	25,675
<b>Total Comprehensive Expenditure and Income</b>	<b>10,009</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(73,386)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(63,377)</b>	<b>25,675</b>	<b>(37,702)</b>
Adjustments between Group accounts and Authority accounts			773				773		773
<b>Net Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers</b>	<b>10,009</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(72,613)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>(62,604)</b>	<b>25,675</b>	<b>(36,929)</b>
<b><u>Adjustments between Accounting basis and Funding basis under Regulations</u></b>									
Depreciation and impairment of non current assets	1,971		73,816				75,787	(75,787)	0
Excess of depreciation charged to HRA services over the Major Repairs Allowance			401				401	(401)	0
Reversal of Major Repairs Allowance credited to HRA			(1,288)	1,288			0		0
Capital grants and contributions	(5,832)				1,216	(721)	(5,337)	5,337	0
Movement in Donated Assets	(16)						(16)	16	0
Revenue expenditure funded from capital under statute	845						845	(845)	0
Net gain/loss on sale of non current assets	(285)		1,278			6,047	7,040	(7,040)	0
Amount by which finance costs are different	49		(138)				(89)	89	0
Amount by which pension costs are different	(5,898)		(308)				(6,206)	6,206	0
Council Tax income adjustment	127						127	(127)	0
Statutory provision for repayment of debt	(276)						(276)	276	0
Capital expenditure charged to the General Fund balance	(61)		(17)				(78)	78	0
Transfer to unusable reserves	2		(773)				(771)	771	0
Transfer re Housing Pooled Receipts	260					(260)	0	0	0
	(9,114)	0	72,971	1,288	1,216	5,066	71,427	(71,427)	0
<b>Net Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves</b>	<b>895</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>1,288</b>	<b>1,216</b>	<b>5,066</b>	<b>8,823</b>	<b>(45,752)</b>	<b>(36,929)</b>
Net transfer to from earmarked reserves	(786)	703			83		0	0	0
<b>Increase/(Decrease) in year</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>703</b>	<b>358</b>	<b>1,288</b>	<b>1,299</b>	<b>5,066</b>	<b>8,823</b>	<b>(45,752)</b>	<b>(36,929)</b>
<b>Balance at 31 March 2011 carried forward</b>	<b>2,320</b>	<b>8,038</b>	<b>4,207</b>	<b>1,288</b>	<b>5,665</b>	<b>5,993</b>	<b>27,511</b>	<b>76,332</b>	<b>103,843</b>

<b>Newark and Sherwood District Council Group Accounts</b>	General	Earmarked	Housing	Major	Grants &	Capital	Total	Unusable	Total
<b>Movement in Reserves Statement for the year 2009/2010</b>	Fund	GF	Revenue	Repairs	Contributions	Receipts	Usable	Reserves	Authority
	Balance	Reserves	Account	Reserve	Unapplied	Reserve	Reserves	£'000	Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>Balance at 31 March 2009</b>	<b>2,111</b>	<b>6,583</b>	<b>3,698</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,850</b>	<b>2,331</b>	<b>16,573</b>	<b>135,095</b>	<b>151,668</b>
<b>Movement in Reserve during 2009/2010</b>									
Surplus/(Deficit) on Provision of Services	1,268		7,026				8,294		8,294
Other Comprehensive Expenditure and Income							0	(19,072)	(19,072)
<b>Total Comprehensive Expenditure and Income</b>	<b>1,268</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7,026</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8,294</b>	<b>(19,072)</b>	<b>(10,778)</b>
			(118)				(118)		(118)
Adjustments between Group accounts and Authority accounts									
Net Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers	<b>1,268</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>6,908</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8,176</b>	<b>(19,072)</b>	<b>(10,896)</b>
<u>Adjustments between Accounting basis and Funding basis under Regulations</u>									
Depreciation and impairment of non current assets	2,164		(5,730)				(3,566)	3,566	0
Excess of depreciation charged to HRA services over the Major Repairs Allowance			16				16	(16)	0
Capital grants and contributions	(3,418)		(308)			(1,404)	(5,130)	5,130	0
Revenue expenditure funded from capital under statute	992						992	(992)	0
Net gain/loss on sale of non current assets	48		19				67	(67)	0
Amount by which finance costs are different	(160)		(178)				(338)	338	0
Amount by which pension costs are different	313		(334)				(21)	21	0
Council Tax income adjustment	53						53	(53)	0
Statutory provision for repayment of debt	(286)						(286)	286	0
Capital expenditure charged to the General Fund balance	(75)						(75)	75	0
Transfer to unusable reserves	33		(242)		2,260		2,051	(2,051)	0
Transfer re Housing Pooled Receipts	176						176	(176)	0
	(160)	0	(6,757)	0	2,260	(1,404)	(6,061)	6,061	0
<b>Net Increase/(Decrease) before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves</b>	<b>1,108</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,260</b>	<b>(1,404)</b>	<b>2,115</b>	<b>(13,011)</b>	<b>(10,896)</b>
Net transfer to from earmarked reserves	(1,008)	752			256		0		0
<b>Increase/(Decrease) in year</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>752</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,516</b>	<b>(1,404)</b>	<b>2,115</b>	<b>(13,011)</b>	<b>(10,896)</b>
<b>Balance at 31 March 2010 carried forward</b>	<b>2,211</b>	<b>7,335</b>	<b>3,849</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,366</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>18,688</b>	<b>122,084</b>	<b>140,772</b>

**GROUP COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT**

<b>Newark and Sherwood District Council Group Accounts</b>	2010/2011	2010/2011	2010/2011	2009/2010	2009/2010	2009/2010
<b>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>for the financial year 2010/2011</b>	Gross	Gross	Net	Gross	Gross	Net
Note	Spend	Income	Spend	Spend	Income	Spend
				<i>Restated</i>	<i>Restated</i>	<i>Restated</i>
Central Services to the Public	10,517	(10,363)	154	10,209	(9,317)	892
Cultural, Environmental, Regulatory and Planning Services	21,603	(9,214)	12,389	20,708	(9,430)	11,278
Highways and Transport Services	1,725	(1,508)	217	1,669	(1,574)	95
Housing Revenue Account	9,458	(16,139)	(6,681)	3,781	(14,611)	(10,830)
Impairment of Council Dwellings	73,857	0	73,857	0	0	0
Housing Services	25,517	(24,344)	1,173	23,944	(22,917)	1,027
Corporate and Democratic Core	2,594	(84)	2,510	2,244	(75)	2,169
Non Distributed Costs	1,039	(629)	410	1,337	(627)	710
Pension Past Service Gain	(7,670)	0	(7,670)	0	0	0
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations</b>	<b>138,640</b>	<b>(62,281)</b>	<b>76,359</b>	<b>63,892</b>	<b>(58,551)</b>	<b>5,341</b>
Other Operating Expenditure	10,094	(5,099)	4,995	3,066	454	3,520
Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure	9,559	(4,297)	5,262	8,984	(3,370)	5,614
Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income	0	(24,013)	(24,013)	0	(22,652)	(22,652)
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services</b>	<b>158,293</b>	<b>(95,690)</b>	<b>62,603</b>	<b>75,942</b>	<b>(84,119)</b>	<b>(8,177)</b>
Corporation Tax	1		1	1		1
<b>Group (Surplus)/Deficit</b>	<b>158,294</b>	<b>(95,690)</b>	<b>62,604</b>	<b>75,943</b>	<b>(84,119)</b>	<b>(8,176)</b>
(Surplus)/Deficit on Revaluation of Fixed Assets			(4,628)			(6,716)
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses on Pensions Assets/Liabilities			(21,047)			25,787
<b>Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure</b>			<b>(25,675)</b>			<b>19,071</b>
<b>Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure</b>			<b>36,929</b>			<b>10,895</b>



**GROUP BALANCE SHEET**

<b><u>Newark and Sherwood District Council Group Accounts</u></b>		31st March 2011	31st March 2010	1st April 2009
<b><u>Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2011</u></b>	Note	£'000	£'000	£'000
			<i>Restated</i>	<i>Restated</i>
Property Plant and Equipment		187,406	255,695	237,680
Investment Property		2,645	3,075	3,165
Intangible Assets	5	423	506	332
Assets Held for Sale		0	0	0
Long Term Investments		10	10	10
Long Term Debtors		4,489	164	178
<b>Long Term Assets</b>		<b>194,973</b>	<b>259,450</b>	<b>241,365</b>
Short Term Investment		2,159	2,175	15,399
Inventories	7	311	288	295
Short Term Debtors	8	7,834	5,743	5,035
Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,926	9,933	5,185
Assets Held for Sale		0	5,050	50
<b>Current Assets</b>		<b>12,230</b>	<b>23,189</b>	<b>25,964</b>
Bank Overdraft		0	0	0
Short Term Borrowing		(4,872)	(6,000)	(4,626)
Short Term Creditors	9	(5,820)	(7,966)	(7,624)
Provisions		0	0	(58)
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		<b>(10,692)</b>	<b>(13,966)</b>	<b>(12,308)</b>
Long Term Creditors		(1,618)	(1,535)	(2,097)
Long Term Borrowing		(58,248)	(61,775)	(66,304)
Other Long Term Liabilities		(32,759)	(60,790)	(34,909)
Capital Grants Receipts in Advance		(43)	(3,801)	(43)
<b>Long Term Liabilities</b>		<b>(92,668)</b>	<b>(127,901)</b>	<b>(103,353)</b>
<b>Net Assets</b>		<b>103,843</b>	<b>140,772</b>	<b>151,668</b>
Usable Reserves		27,511	18,688	16,573
Unusable Reserves		76,332	122,084	135,095
<b>Total Reserves</b>		<b>103,843</b>	<b>140,772</b>	<b>151,668</b>

**GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

<b>Newark and Sherwood District Council Group Accounts</b>		2010/2011		2009/2010		
<b>Cash Flow Statement for the year 2010/2011</b>		Note	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
					<i>Restated</i>	<i>Restated</i>
<b>Operating Activities</b>		11				
Newark and Sherwood District Council			(5,114)		(3,188)	
Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd			(198)	<b>(5,312)</b>	(428)	<b>(3,616)</b>
<b>Cash (Inflow)/Outflow from taxation</b>				<b>1</b>		<b>1</b>
<b>Investing Activities</b>						
<b>Cash outflows</b>						
Purchase of Fixed Assets			13,184		17,164	
<b>Cash inflows</b>						
Sale of Fixed Assets			(6,047)		(332)	
Capital Grants Received			(1,058)		(7,875)	
Other Capital Cash Income			579		(756)	
			(6,526)		(8,963)	
<b>Investing Activities Net Cash Flow</b>				<b>6,658</b>		<b>8,201</b>
<b>Financing Activities</b>						
<b>Cash outflows</b>						
Repayments of Amounts Borrowed			14,889		18,293	
Agency Payments			2,031		779	
Capital Element of Finance Lease Rentals			5		5	
			16,925		19,077	
<b>Cash inflows</b>						
Repayment of investments			393		(12,904)	
New Loans Raised			(10,658)		(15,507)	
			(10,265)		(28,411)	
<b>Financing Activities Net Cash Flow</b>				<b>6,660</b>		<b>(9,334)</b>
<b>Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>				<b>8,007</b>		<b>(4,748)</b>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at 1 April						
Cash			52		210	
Bank Accounts			252		28	
Cash Equivalents			9,629	9,933	4,947	5,185
Cash and Cash Equivalents at 31 March						
Cash			(55)		52	
Bank Accounts			(360)		252	
Cash Equivalents			2,341	1,926	9,629	9,933

**NEWARK AND SHERWOOD DISTRICT COUNCIL****GROUP ACCOUNT NOTES FOR THE YEAR 2010/2011****Introduction**

The following notes have been prepared on an exception basis with only those items which have changed from the District Council's Statement of Accounts being included. For all other items reference should be made to the Council's Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement on page 13 and Balance Sheet on page 14 and the appropriate note.

1 Transition to IFRS

The following tables identify the adjustments made under the relevant IFRS standard:

<b>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>						
	<b>2009/2010</b>					<b>2009/2010</b>
	<b>UK GAAP</b>	<b>IAS 17</b>	<b>IAS 19</b>	<b>IAS 20</b>	<b>IAS 40</b>	<b>IFRS</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>
Central Services to the Public	<b>886</b>		6			<b>892</b>
Cultural, Environmental, Regulatory and Planning Services	<b>10,826</b>	7	30	415		<b>11,278</b>
Highways and Transport Services	<b>95</b>					<b>95</b>
Housing Revenue Account	<b>(10,780)</b>			309	(359)	<b>(10,830)</b>
Housing Services	<b>574</b>		(1)	454		<b>1,027</b>
Corporate and Democratic Core	<b>2,170</b>			(1)		<b>2,169</b>
Non Distributed Costs	<b>533</b>			177		<b>710</b>
Surplus/Deficit on Continuing Operations	<b>4,304</b>	7	35	1,354	(359)	<b>5,341</b>
Other Operating Expenditure	<b>3,491</b>				29	<b>3,520</b>
Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure	<b>5,614</b>					<b>5,614</b>
Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income	<b>(18,926)</b>			(3,726)		<b>(22,652)</b>
Surplus/Deficit on Provision of Services	<b>(5,517)</b>	7	35	(2,372)	(330)	<b>(8,177)</b>
Corporation Tax	<b>1</b>					<b>1</b>
Group (Surplus)/Deficit	<b>(5,516)</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>(2,372)</b>	<b>(330)</b>	<b>(8,176)</b>

	<b>Balance Sheet</b>								
	2009/2010								2009/2010
	UK GAAP £'000	IAS 40 £'000	IFRS 5 £'000	IAS 20 £'000	IAS 19 £'000	IAS 7 £'000	IAS 16 £'000	IAS 17 £'000	IFRS £'000
Property Plant and Equipment	256,999	(1,022)	(50)				(512)	280	255,695
Investment Property	1,982	1,037					56		3,075
Intangible Assets	506								506
Assets Held for Sale	0		0						0
Long Term Investments	10								10
Long Term Debtors	164								164
<b>Long Term Assets</b>	<b>259,661</b>	15	(50)	0	0	0	(456)	280	<b>259,450</b>
Short Term Investment	11,804					(9,629)			2,175
Inventories	288								288
Short Term Debtors	5,743								5,743
Cash and Cash Equivalents	304					9,629			9,933
Assets Held for Sale	0		50				5,000		5,050
<b>Current Assets</b>	<b>18,139</b>	0	50	0	0	0	5,000	0	<b>23,189</b>
Short Term Borrowing	(6,000)								(6,000)
Short Term Creditors	(11,683)			3,902	(185)				(7,966)
Provisions	0								0
<b>Current Liabilities</b>	<b>(17,683)</b>	0	0	3,902	(185)	0	0	0	<b>(13,966)</b>
Long Term Creditors	(2,206)			671					(1,535)
Long Term Borrowing	(61,775)								(61,775)
Other Long Term Liabilities	(64,569)			4,073				(294)	(60,790)
Capital Grants Receipts in Advance	(3,588)			(213)					(3,801)
<b>Long Term Liabilities</b>	<b>(132,138)</b>	0	0	4,531	0	0	0	(294)	<b>(127,901)</b>
<b>Net Assets</b>	<b>127,979</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8,433</b>	<b>(185)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,544</b>	<b>(14)</b>	<b>140,772</b>
Usable Reserves	14,329			4,359					18,688
Unusable Reserves	113,650	15		4,074	(185)		4,544	(14)	122,084
<b>Total Reserves</b>	<b>127,979</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>8,433</b>	<b>(185)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4,544</b>	<b>(14)</b>	<b>140,772</b>

2 Inter Company Transactions

The Group Accounts exclude transactions between the two organisations; this ensures that expenditure and income is only reflected once within the accounts. The elements of the accounts adjusted for inter company transactions are detailed below.

<b>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>			
	NSDC Adjusted £'000	NSH Adjusted £'000	2010/2011 Group £'000
(Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations	72,321	4,038	76,359
Other Operating Expenditure	4,995	0	4,995
Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure	5,112	150	5,262
(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services	58,415	4,188	62,603

<b>Balance Sheet</b>				
	NSDC £'000	NSH £'000	Adjustment £'000	2010/2011 Group £'000
Short Term Debtors	10,140	407	(2,713)	7,834
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,034	2,209	(2,317)	1,926
Short Term Borrowing	(7,189)	0	2,317	(4,872)
Short Term Creditors	(5,366)	(3,167)	2,713	(5,820)

3 Reconciliation of the Single Entity (Surplus)/Deficit to the Group (Surplus)/Deficit

	2010/2011	2009/2010 <i>Restated</i>
(Surplus)/Deficit on the Council's Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	63,377	(8,294)
Adjustments for transactions with other Group entities	(4,962)	(5,902)
(Surplus)/Deficit in the Group Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement attributable to the Council	58,415	(14,196)
(Surplus)/Deficit in the Group Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement attributable to Group Subsidiaries (adjusted for intra group transactions)	4,188	6,020
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit for the year on the Group Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>	<b>62,603</b>	<b>(8,176)</b>

#### 4 Service Information

The Council's internal performance management reports are based on the portfolios held by each member of the Cabinet. These portfolios are reported to Overview and Scrutiny Committees on a quarterly basis. The Council's outturn figures, as reported in this management format, are disclosed below.

<b>2010/2011</b>	<u>Strategic and Corporate Policy</u>	<u>Safe and Strong</u>	<u>Culture and Leisure</u>	<u>Sustainable Development and Regeneration</u>	<u>Clean and Green</u>	<u>Health and Homes</u>	<u>Housing Revenue Account</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Employees	(2,623)	622	2,785	2,307	3,368	997		7,456
Premises	157	8	836	350	215	835		2,401
Transport	68	16	22	66	1,256	202		1,630
Supplies and Services	3,418	857	1,390	969	1,030	997	10,222	18,883
Transfer Payments	31,705					41		31,746
<b>Total Expenditure</b>	<b>32,725</b>	<b>1,503</b>	<b>5,033</b>	<b>3,692</b>	<b>5,869</b>	<b>3,072</b>	<b>10,222</b>	<b>62,116</b>
Income	(35,328)	(1,304)	(3,154)	(2,262)	(1,539)	(2,454)	(17,746)	(63,787)
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>(35,328)</b>	<b>(1,304)</b>	<b>(3,154)</b>	<b>(2,262)</b>	<b>(1,539)</b>	<b>(2,454)</b>	<b>(17,746)</b>	<b>(63,787)</b>
<b>Net Expenditure</b>	<b>(2,603)</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>1,879</b>	<b>1,430</b>	<b>4,330</b>	<b>618</b>	<b>(7,524)</b>	<b>(1,671)</b>
<b>Memorandum Items</b>								
Support Services	3,208	363	1,304	1,161	1,533	1,067	297	8,933
Capital Charges	144		275	102	1,365	1,041	77,650	80,577
	749	562	3,458	2,693	7,228	2,726	70,423	87,839
<b>Reconciliation to (Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations</b>								
Adjust for amounts not reported to management								(9,473)
Adjustment for Group Transactions								(1,986)
Remove amounts included on management report but excluded from Continuing Operations								(21)
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations in Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>								<b>76,359</b>

<b>2010/2011</b>	<u>Service Analysis</u>	<u>Services Not in Analysis</u>	<u>Adjustment for Group Transactions</u>	<u>Not Reported to Management</u>	<u>Not Included in I&amp;E</u>	<u>Allocation of Recharges</u>	<u>Continuing Operations</u>	<u>Corporate Amounts</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fees, Charges and Other Service Income	(63,787)			(9,436)	111	9,251	(63,861)	(122)	(63,983)
Income on Joint Associates and Subsidiaries		(105)	1,685				1,580	371	1,951
Interest and Investment Income							0	(3,598)	(3,598)
Income from Council tax							0	(8,836)	(8,836)
Government Grants and Contributions							0	(15,177)	(15,177)
Disposal of Assets							0	(6,047)	(6,047)
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>(63,787)</b>	<b>(105)</b>	<b>1,685</b>	<b>(9,436)</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>9,251</b>	<b>(62,281)</b>	<b>(33,409)</b>	<b>(95,690)</b>
Employee Expenses	7,456			38		(5,275)	2,219		2,219
Other Service Expenses	54,660	483		712	(80)	(2,322)	53,453	80	53,533
Expenditure on Joint Associates and Subsidiaries		90	(3,671)				(3,581)	845	(2,736)
Support Service Recharges	8,933				(52)	(1,613)	7,268	52	7,320
Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	80,577			135		(41)	80,671		80,671
Interest Payments							0	8,710	8,710
Precepts and Levies							0	2,435	2,435
Payments to Housing Capital Receipts Pool							0	260	260
(Gain)/Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets				(1,390)			(1,390)	7,272	5,882
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>151,626</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>(3,671)</b>	<b>(505)</b>	<b>(132)</b>	<b>(9,251)</b>	<b>138,640</b>	<b>19,654</b>	<b>158,294</b>
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services</b>	<b>87,839</b>	<b>468</b>	<b>(1,986)</b>	<b>(9,941)</b>	<b>(21)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>76,359</b>	<b>(13,755)</b>	<b>62,604</b>

<b>2009/2010</b>	<u>Strategic and Corporate Policy</u>	<u>Safe and Strong</u>	<u>Culture and Leisure</u>	<u>Sustainable Development and Regeneration</u>	<u>Clean and Green</u>	<u>Health and Homes</u>	<u>Housing Revenue Account</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Employees	4,485	542	2,655	2,398	3,070	937		14,087
Premises	126	24	971	341	183	923		2,568
Transport	87	22	40	91	1,181	192		1,613
Supplies and Services	3,665	773	1,484	933	899	1,020	9,965	18,739
Transfer Payments	30,038					75		30,113
<b>Total Expenditure</b>	<b>38,401</b>	<b>1,361</b>	<b>5,150</b>	<b>3,763</b>	<b>5,333</b>	<b>3,147</b>	<b>9,965</b>	<b>67,120</b>
Income	(33,275)	(1,033)	(3,414)	(2,601)	(1,398)	(2,523)	(17,279)	(61,523)
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>(33,275)</b>	<b>(1,033)</b>	<b>(3,414)</b>	<b>(2,601)</b>	<b>(1,398)</b>	<b>(2,523)</b>	<b>(17,279)</b>	<b>(61,523)</b>
<b>Net Expenditure</b>	<b>5,126</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>1,736</b>	<b>1,162</b>	<b>3,935</b>	<b>624</b>	<b>(7,314)</b>	<b>5,597</b>
<b>Memorandum Items</b>								
Support Services	2,984	305	1,225	1,311	1,408	1,063	309	8,605
Capital Charges	135		604	784	590	965	(2,829)	249
	<b>8,245</b>	<b>633</b>	<b>3,565</b>	<b>3,257</b>	<b>5,933</b>	<b>2,652</b>	<b>(9,834)</b>	<b>14,451</b>
<b>Reconciliation to (Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations</b>								
Adjust for amounts not reported to management								(7,986)
Adjustment for Group Transactions								(1,079)
Remove amounts included on management report but excluded from Continuing Operations								(45)
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Continuing Operations in Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</b>								<b>5,341</b>



<b>2009/2010</b>	<u>Service Analysis</u>	<u>Services Not in Analysis</u>	<u>Adjustment for Group Transactions</u>	<u>Not Reported to Management</u>	<u>Not Included in I&amp;E</u>	<u>Allocation of Recharges</u>	<u>Continuing Operations</u>	<u>Corporate Amounts</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fees, Charges and Other Service Income	(61,523)			(8,653)	16	8,798	(61,362)	(526)	(61,888)
Income on Joint Associates and Subsidiaries		(128)	2,845				2,717	481	3,198
Interest and Investment Income							0	(2,871)	(2,871)
Income from Council tax							0	(8,716)	(8,716)
Government Grants and Contributions							0	(13,936)	(13,936)
Disposal of Assets							0		0
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>(61,523)</b>	<b>(128)</b>	<b>2,845</b>	<b>(8,653)</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8,798</b>	<b>(58,645)</b>	<b>(25,568)</b>	<b>(84,213)</b>
Employee Expenses	14,087	4		71	37	(4,765)	9,434		9,434
Other Service Expenses	53,033	459		205	(51)	(2,346)	51,300	107	51,407
Expenditure on Joint Associates and Subsidiaries		84	(3,924)				(3,840)	716	(3,124)
Support Service Recharges	8,605			(7)	(47)	(1,646)	6,905	48	6,953
Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	249			(21)		(41)	187	28	215
Interest Payments							0	8,269	8,269
Precepts and Levies							0	2,335	2,335
Payments to Housing Capital Receipts Pool							0	176	176
(Gain)/Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets							0	372	372
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>75,974</b>	<b>547</b>	<b>(3,924)</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>(61)</b>	<b>(8,798)</b>	<b>63,986</b>	<b>12,051</b>	<b>76,037</b>
<b>(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services</b>	<b>14,451</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>(1,079)</b>	<b>(8,405)</b>	<b>(45)</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>5,341</b>	<b>(13,517)</b>	<b>(8,176)</b>

5 Intangible Assets

During 2010/2011 both the Council's and Newark and Sherwood Homes intangible assets consisted of computer software. These were considered to have significant long term value to justify inclusion within the Balance Sheet. They are amortised on a straight line basis over the estimated period of economic benefit to the Council which varies between 3 and 10 years depending on the particular system.

6 Corporation Tax

This arises from the operation of Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd. The following note is included in NSH's accounts:-

*The charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Except where otherwise required, full provision is made without discounting, in respect of all timing differences which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as otherwise required by IAS 12.*

7 Inventories

The stocks held by the Group valued using the First in First out method of valuation can be analysed as follows:-

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000	1st April 2009 £'000
Leisure Centres, Museums, TIC's etc	42	41	44
Administrative Stores	11	19	15
Newark and Sherwood Homes Raw Materials and Consumables	122	116	113
Newark and Sherwood Homes Van Stocks	30	25	26
Miscellaneous	22	22	23
Transport Stores	84	65	74
	<u>311</u>	<u>288</u>	<u>295</u>

8 Short Term Debtors

The amounts due to the Group were:-

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000	1st April 2009 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:-			
Central Government Bodies	734	524	974
Other Local Authorities	168	651	459
NHS Bodies	0	2	49
Public Corporations and Trading Funds	0	0	0
Bodies external to General Government	7,219	4,863	3,933
	<u>8,121</u>	<u>6,040</u>	<u>5,415</u>
Less Provision for Doubtful Debt	(287)	(297)	(380)
	<u>7,834</u>	<u>5,743</u>	<u>5,035</u>

9 Short Term Creditors

The amounts owed by the Group were:-

	31st March 2011 £'000	31st March 2010 £'000 <i>Restated</i>	1st April 2009 £'000 <i>Restated</i>
Amounts falling due within one year:-			
Central Government Bodies	679	741	334
Other Local Authorities	511	522	864
NHS Bodies	0	0	0
Public Corporations and Trading Funds	0	0	0
Bodies external to general Government	4,630	6,703	6,426
	<u>5,820</u>	<u>7,966</u>	<u>7,624</u>

10 Retirement Benefits

Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd's accounting policies include a note on the basis of preparation of its accounts. This states that Newark and Sherwood Homes Ltd has implemented the accounting changes required as a result of IAS 19, relating to the employers liability in respect of the final salary pension scheme. The Newark and Sherwood scheme, like a number of such schemes, has a deficit. Measures are in place to address this deficit, by increasing employers' contributions in the medium term. However the requirement of IAS 19 is to show the deficit on the pension scheme as a liability on the balance sheet. As the Company aims to break even on its trading activities this has the effect of showing retained gains after the effects of IAS 19 of £773k, and a net balance on the pension reserve of £2,176k compared to a retained profit before IAS 19 changes of £0. As the charge to the Council is allowed to vary to reflect the changes in employer's payments to the pension fund, the deficit is not considered to be detrimental to the long-term future of the Company.

11 Reconciliation of (Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services to Operating Activities Net Cash Flow

	2010/2011		2009/2010	
	£'000	£'000	£'000 <i>Restated</i>	£'000 <i>Restated</i>
<u>Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement</u>				
(Surplus)/Deficit on Provision of Services		62,603		(8,177)
<u>Non Cash Transactions</u>				
Net Movement on Pensions	7,130		128	
Capital Accounting entries	(85,195)		8,183	
Developers Contributions	<u>(83)</u>	<u>(78,148)</u>	<u>599</u>	<u>8,910</u>
<u>Items on an Accruals Basis</u>				
Increase/(Decrease) in Stock	23		(7)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Debtors	6,561		707	
(Increase)/Decrease in Creditors	2,146		651	
(Increase)/Decrease in Provisions	0		58	
(Increase)/Decrease in Capital Receipts in Advance	3,758		(4,788)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Debtors	(38)		(14)	
Increase/(Decrease) in Assets Held for Sale	<u>(50)</u>	<u>12,400</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(3,393)</u>
<u>Items Classified elsewhere in the Cash Flow</u>				
Net Movement on Agency Payments	(2,031)		(779)	
Net Movement on Financial Instruments Interest	<u>(136)</u>	<u>(2,167)</u>	<u>(177)</u>	<u>(956)</u>
		<u>(5,312)</u>		<u>(3,616)</u>

## **ANNUAL GOVERNANCE STATEMENT**

### **1 Scope of responsibility**

Newark and Sherwood District Council is responsible for ensuring that the Authority's own and, with the addition of Newark and Sherwood Homes, its Group business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. Newark and Sherwood District Council also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, Newark and Sherwood District Council is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs and facilitating the effective exercise of its functions, including arrangements for the management of risk.

### **2 The purpose of the governance framework**

The governance framework comprises the systems and processes, and culture and values by which the authority is directed and controlled and its activities through which it accounts to, engages with and leads the community. It enables the authority to monitor the achievement of its strategic objectives and to consider whether those objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate, cost-effective services.

The system of internal control is a significant part of that framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives and can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of Newark and Sherwood District Council's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.

The governance framework has been in place at Newark and Sherwood District Council for the year ended 31 March 2011 and up to the date of approval of the statement of accounts.

### **3 The governance framework**

The key elements of the District Council's governance framework are as follows:

The District Council has adopted a constitution which sets out how the Council operates, how decisions are made and the procedures which are followed to ensure that these are efficient, transparent and accountable to local people. The Constitution is subject to periodic change either through national legislation or local decision and the Governance Framework may be amended accordingly.

The Council facilitates policy and decision-making through the Cabinet. Meetings are open to the public except where exempt or confidential matters are being disclosed. In addition, senior officers of the council can make decisions under delegated authority. The Council publishes a Forward Plan which contains details of key decisions to be made by the Council, its committees and Chief Officers under their delegated powers.

The District Council has a cross-departmental Risk Management Group that meets regularly to identify and evaluate all significant risks. A Risk Register is in place and appropriate staff have been trained in the assessment, management and monitoring of risks.

Through reviews by external auditors, external agencies, Internal Audit and its Policy and Performance Team the District Council constantly seeks ways of ensuring the economical, effective and efficient use of resources, and for securing continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

Services are delivered by trained and experienced people. All posts have a detailed job description and person specification. Training needs are identified through the Performance Appraisal Scheme.

The Council has designated the Deputy Chief Executive as Monitoring Officer. It is the function of the Monitoring officer to ensure compliance with established policies, procedures, laws and regulations. After consulting with the Head of Paid Service, the Monitoring Officer will report to the full Council if she considers that any proposal, decision or omission would give rise to unlawfulness or maladministration.

The Council has a Standards Committee which promotes and maintains high standards of conduct by members. The standards of behaviour for members and employees are defined through codes of conduct. The Council also has an Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy and a Whistleblowing Policy that enables concerns to be raised confidentially by employees or persons doing business with the Council. A complaints system is also operated by the Council to enable comments on services to be received and investigated.

The Council communicates with the community and its stakeholders by means of a periodic publication, "Voice", through its Internet website and by specific consultation.

#### **4 Review of effectiveness**

Newark and Sherwood District Council has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by the work of the executive managers within the authority who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Audit Manager's annual report, and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates.

The process that has been applied in maintaining and reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control includes:

The Deputy Chief Executive (the 'Monitoring Officer') has a duty to monitor and review the operation of the Constitution to ensure its aims and principles are given full effect. The Council reviews the Constitution through a dedicated working party comprising, inter alia, all the group leaders, on a regular basis, and has formed a Councillors' Commission to consider any changes resulting from recent legislation.

The Council has three Overview and Scrutiny Committees. They can "call-in" a decision made by Cabinet but not yet implemented, to enable them to consider whether the decision is appropriate. Both overview and scrutiny and, indeed, Cabinet, do on occasion appoint Task and Finish Groups, where appropriate, to explore issues in greater depth. One of the Overview and Scrutiny committees is tasked to examine specifically the Council's external relationships and interactions with our partners and other key stakeholders.

Internal Audit is responsible for reviewing the quality and effectiveness of systems of internal control. A rolling plan is approved by the Director of Resources and reported to the Audit and Accounts Committee. The reporting process for Internal Audit requires a report of each audit to be submitted to the relevant Chief Officer and Business Manager. The report includes recommendations for improvements that are included within an action plan and require agreement or rejection by service managers. The Audit and Accounts Committee receives executive summaries of all internal audit reports and is advised of progress in implementing recommendations. Internal Audit reports are considered by the Council's Corporate Management Team.

The Internal Audit Section is subject to regular inspection by the Council's external auditors who place reliance on the work carried out by the section.

Risk management policies and procedures are in place with the objective of ensuring that the risks facing the authority in achieving its objectives are evaluated, regularly reviewed and mitigation strategies developed.

We have been advised on the implications of the result of the review of the effectiveness of the governance framework by the Audit and Accounts Committee and a plan to ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

## Significant governance issues

Issue	Action	Responsible Officer
<p><b>Organisational Change</b> In common with all local authorities, the Council will need to continue to make significant changes to its budget to meet changing financial circumstances as a result of the national economic position.</p>	<p>The Council has a change programme led by the Chief Executive and involving all senior officers and Members. This has delivered significant savings and improvements.</p>	<p>A. Muter Chief Executive</p>
<p><b>Procurement and Project Management</b> The Council needs to ensure that the requirements for sound procurement procedures and project management techniques are used throughout the organisation.</p>	<p>The Council's Contract Procedure Rules were reviewed and approved in 2010. They will be further reviewed in 2011 to reflect the changes to the Council's management structure. A Business Manager – Procurement has been appointed. Training is ongoing and has also been delivered on procurement and project management procedures. Further training and advice is to be provided to ensure that the requirements of the Council's Contract Procedure Rules are fully met.</p>	<p>D. Dickinson Director of Resources</p>
<p><b>Awareness of Policies</b> The need to ensure that all staff are aware of the need for and compliance with the relevant policies of the Council, including the Council's Constitution and Standing Orders, Financial Regulations and Contract Procedure Rules.</p>	<p>The Council's Financial Regulations were approved in 2010. Training is ongoing as part of the agreed training programme.</p> <p>A Business Manager – Policy and Commissioning has been appointed</p>	<p>D. Dickinson Director of Resources</p> <p>K. Cole Deputy Chief Executive</p>
<p><b>Business Continuity</b> In order to maintain the integrity of business continuity plans throughout the Council, assurance needs to be obtained that such plans are robust and current.</p>	<p>Responsibility for Emergency Planning and Business Continuity has been allocated to appropriate Business Managers. All business continuity plans will be reviewed during the course of the year and appropriately tested. An assurance mechanism has been introduced.</p>	<p>L. Lancaster Business Manager Community Safety</p> <p>J. Middleton Business Manager Performance</p>
<p><b>Information Governance and Data Security</b> Technological development has resulted in the amount of data held by the Council increasing significantly and it is necessary to ensure that the Council has appropriate data security standards and procedures in place.</p>	<p>Following the introduction of refreshed desktop equipment and new systems the Council continually considers the data security requirements to ensure that data held by the Council is held appropriately and securely with due regard to its sensitivity. The Council has met the requirements of the Government Connect Programme.</p>	<p>Directors and Business Managers</p>

<p><b>Housing Stock Options and Self Financing Housing Revenue Account</b> Options for the future management of the Council's housing stock are being considered and the requirements of the Self Financing Housing Revenue Account are being developed.</p>	<p>The Council has put in place appropriate Member and officer structures to consider the issues</p>	<p>C. Walker Director of Growth  D. Dickinson Director of Resources</p>
<p><b>Growth Point</b> Newark and Sherwood is a designated housing growth point area. This brings additional responsibilities for the development of housing in the District and the Council has been awarded significant additional funding as a result.</p>	<p>The Council has appointed staff dedicated to the delivery of the Growth Point objectives and has put in place mechanisms to deal with the resultant issues.</p>	<p>C. Walker Director of Growth</p>

We propose over the coming year to take steps to address the above matters to further enhance our governance arrangements. We are satisfied that these steps will address the need for proper governance arrangements to be in place. We will undertake ongoing monitoring of the implementation of any improvements that were identified in our review of effectiveness and as part of our next annual review.

**Signed**



A. Muter  
Chief Executive  
27 September 2011



A.C. Roberts  
Leader of the Council  
27 September 2011